ISLE OF ANGLESEY COUNTY COUNCIL		
Report to: Executive Committee		
Date:	3 November 2014	
Subject:	Modernising Schools on Anglesey - Report on the statutory consultation in Holyhead	
Portfolio Holder(s):	Councillor leuan Williams	
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# A –Recommendation/s and reason/s

At its meeting on December 10, 2012, the Isle of Anglesey County Council Executive Committee resolved to recommend the merger of 3 schools i.e. Ysgol y Parc, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis in a new school as the preferred option for formal consultation and that the preferred site for the new primary school in Holyhead be the Cybi site.

On May 19, 2014 officers were authorised to move to the formal consultation process. The proposal for formal consultation was for a primary school for 540 pupils and 75 nursery pupils by combining the pupils from Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc in a new building on the Cybi site. The status of the school being consulted upon was for it to be a Voluntary Controlled Church in Wales school (in the same manner as the Parchedig Thomas Ellis School).

The report details the matters and issues raised during the formal consultation. Section 1 of the report discusses the background to the proposal under consideration. Section 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 detail the issues raised during the formal consultation process. Section 7 lists the Council's formal response to the concerns raised by stakeholders. In section 8, stakeholders' concerns are summarised but it is also contended that the Council has responded appropriately to these concerns.

The appendices refer to a particular document as listed below:-

Appendix 1 - Response from Ysgol y Parc

Appendix 2 - Copy of letter from Diocese

Appendix 3 - Response from Thomas Ellis

- Appendix 4 Response from Llaingoch staff
- Appendix 5 Response from Headteacher Llaingoch
- Appendix 6 Response from Llaingoch Governors
- Appendix 7 Response from pupils

Appendix 8 - Response from Estyn Appendix 9 - Traffic Impact Assessment Appendix 10 - Option appraisal Appendix 11/12/13 - Plan of school

# It is recommended that the Executive Committee:

Adopt the resolution to merge the three schools (Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc) in a new school building on the Cybi site and that the proposed new school would be a Voluntary Controlled Church in Wales school.

# B – What other options did you consider and why did you reject them and/or opt for this option?

Several options were considered by the Executive Committee at its meeting on December 10, 2012. At that meeting, the Executive Committee decided to support Option 10 (merger of 3 schools i.e. Ysgol y Parc, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis in a new school) as the Executive's preferred option for formal consultation. The options can be seen in the report to the Executive Committee for the meeting on the above date and in the informal consultation document.

Several other sites have been considered as noted in Appendix 10.

# C – Why is this a decision for the Executive?

The Executive Committee is responsible for school organisation matters.

# D – Is this decision consistent with policy approved by the full Council?

Yes

# DD – Is this decision within the budget approved by the Council?

Yes – It is one of the plans in the Strategic Outline Programme that was approved by the Executive Committee on January 13, 2014.

E –	Who did you consult?	What did they say?	
1	Chief Executive / Strategic Leadership Team (SLT) (mandatory)	<ul> <li>The following matters need to be considered:</li> <li>Sufficiency of places on Holy Island in light of potential large economic regeneration schemes in the area.</li> <li>How the proposals relate to the rest of the primary education provision in the town of Holyhead.</li> <li>How the catchment area policy works in relation to the proposed new school.</li> </ul>	
2	Finance / Section 151 (mandatory)	Adoption of the proposed recommendation should be subject to the availability of funding.	
3	Legal / Monitoring Officer (mandatory)		
5	Human Resources (HR)		
6	Property	<ul> <li>The principles of the Transport Assessment, the Transport Implementation Strategy and the Travel Plan have been discussed and agreed as part of the process of creating the proposal.</li> <li>The Atkins report refers and responds to traffic concerns and to Health and Safety in accordance with the appropriate guidelines. It is acknowledged that we have received £423k from the Welsh Government (Safe Roads in the Community) to improve the paths towards the school during 2013/14. It is also acknowledged that additional improvements are needed and that those will be included as part of the project.</li> <li>As regards health and safety concerns, the traffic effect assessment led by gan Atkins states: "The design of the proposed school includes an off-site car park to accommodate parent/guardian drop off and collection trips so that it will not be necessary for these to park on the roads surrounding the school site. The car park will include a direct footway link to the school and will involve only a very short walk (around 70m). A lay-by containing 6 parking bays will also be provided directly adjacent to the school off Garreglwyd Road to cater for those with mobility difficulties." This will allow for transferring pupils safely to and from school in the morning and the afternoon.</li> <li>As part of the report, the current travel patterns were studied at the three present schools. The report says: "If the pattern recorded in the surveys at the existing schools was maintained at the new school it would suggest that around 70 parents/guardians could drop children off at school by car in the morning and around 45 would collect children by car at the end of the day. If the post code distribution of pupils living more than 500m from the site is used as a guide it would suggest</li> </ul>	

that 22% of car movements could be via South Stack Road west, 33% via South Stack Road east and around 45% via routes to the southeast culminating at Garreglwyd Road. A straightforward application of those proportions to the proposed site would thereby predict 39 arriving via South Stack Road and 31 via Garreglwyd Road in the morning and around 25 via South Stack Road and 14 via
Garreglwyd Road in the afternoon. Over half of that total were currently associated with Ysgol Llaingoch and the cars associated with the majority of those
trips will already passing through the area around the proposed school and so would not represent 'new' trips."
Planning conditions would insist that there is a Travel Plan for the school and as part of the
report, it is said : "In managing access to the school parents using cars to drop off and collect children will therefore be requested to use the off-site
parking area so as not to cause nuisance on the surrounding roads. To further assist, it is recommended that new parking prohibitions (double
yellow lines) should be installed on South Stack Road to each side of the junctions to Maes Cybi and New Park Road, as currently parking is permissible
here but is not desirable as it could affect visibility for drivers leaving the side roads. The removal of
currently permissible parking areas close to the school should also encourage use of the provided car park facilities.
"IACC will need to monitor if parents are using the provided parking facilities during the early life of the school in order to ensure no off-site parking issues
develop. One key element to shaping travel habits will be the implementation of a bespoke school travel plan (STP) for the new school which will
include parent/guardian input. Further details are provided at Section 6 of this report. Whilst it is acknowledged that these aspirations
match the requirements of the Government's guidelines, it is inevitable that human nature ( and current experience association with one school)
shows that many parents will ignore this and try to drive to school. That is answered by saying: "A school travel plan will be developed which will
explore ways of promoting sustainable travel habits and minimising car use for taking children to and from the new school and hence the over-provision
of car parking would be contrary to that objective. The size of the off-site car park has therefore been initially based upon the anticipated current demands
as described and has not been dictated by land availability as more land is available to provide a larger off-site car park if required. Overall it is
arger on-site oar park ir required. Overall it is

		<ul> <li>intended that the school car parking provisions should negate the need for errant parking on the roads around the new school. " This TA / TIS is an initial plan and there is room for it to develop and respond to concerns as part of the process that leads to the planning application. We can discuss and agree upon any concerns and the associated measures that will be necessary with the Property Section as things develop. It is worth noting also, that there is an intention to try and address travel issues very early on. It is said: "Rather than await the formation of the new school prior to implementing an STP, IACC has confirmed that each of the existing schools will be helped to establish a travel plan in the coming months so that STP principles are understood and operational ahead of the relocation date. The premove STPs will include proposals for travelling to the new school opening."</li> <li>'We have considered the principles in detail with the Property Section and the Education Department. This is a starting point, with room to develop as needed, to respond to any particular concerns as the details of the plan develop and lead to a planning application. The principles of 'sustainable travel' in the plan respond to National requirements. Having said that, as referred to above, human nature causes concern as regards the number that can drive to school and try to park on the end roads and there would be plenty of parking places available. The report however notes, again as referred to above, that there is room available to expand the car park as needed. This concern has risen and the Property Section has asked the consultants to look in more detail at the effect of parking if say 25% of the parents (around 130 cars) choose to drive there, and how to respond to that.</li> </ul>
7	Information Communication	
0	Technology (ICT)	
8	Scrutiny	
9	Local Members	
10	Any external bodies / other/s	

F –	F – Risks and any mitigation (if relevant)		
1	Economic		
2	Anti-poverty		
3	Crime and Disorder		
4	Environmental		
5	Equalities		

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6	Outcome Agreements	
7	Other	

# FF - Appendices:

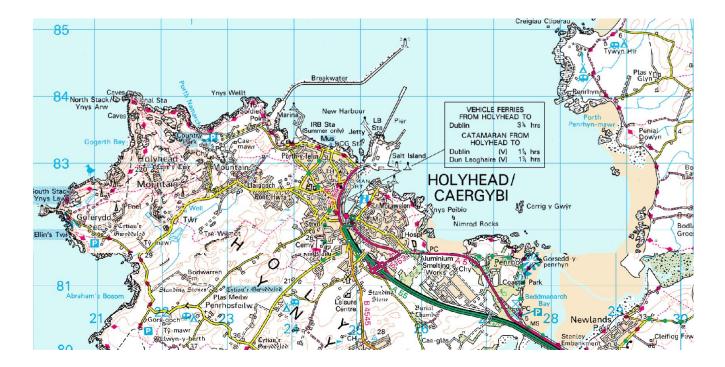
# G - Background papers (please contact the author of the Report for any further information):

- 1. Executive Committee meeting minutes for December 10, 2012.
- 2. Informal Consultation Document
- 3. Strategic Outline Programme (SOP) presented to the Welsh Government in December 2013.
- 4. Letter from the Welsh Government dated January 31 2014.



# SWYDDOGOL - OFFICIAL YMATEB I'R YMGYNGHORIAD STATUDOL - ARDAL CAERGYBI RESPONSE TO THE STATUTORY CONSULTATION - HOLYHEAD AREA

# Mehefin 16 – Gorffennaf 27, 2014 / June 16 – July 27, 2014



# CYNGOR SIR YNYS MÔN / ISLE OF ANGLESEY COUNTY COUNCIL ADRAN DYSGU GYDOL OES / LIFELONG LEARNING DEPARTMENT

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Medi / September 2014

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# 1. BACKGROUND

- 1.1 In January 2012, the Isle of Anglesey County Council Board of Commissioners gave officers of the Education Service permission to visit primary schools in Holyhead to consult on options for the primary school education provision in the area.
- 1.2 After receiving this permission, officers of the Lifelong Learning Department held consultation meetings with staff, governors and parents in May and June 2012 and a 6 week consultation period followed and came to an end on July 14, 2012.
- 1.3 Over a 100 responses were received and a report detailing these was compiled by officers and presented to the Isle of Anglesey County Council Education and Leisure Scrutiny Committee at its meeting on October 26, 2012.
- 1.4 At that meeting on October 26, 2012, the Education and Leisure Scrutiny Committee resolved:
  - To recommend Option 10 (merger of 3 schools i.e. Ysgol y Parc, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis in a new school) to the Executive as the Committee's preferred option for formal consultation subject to affordability and to traffic management and road safety issues being satisfactorily addressed.
  - To recommend that the preferred site for the location of the new primary school would be the Cybi site.
- 1.5 At its meeting on December 10, 2012, the Isle of Anglesey County Council Executive Committee resolved:-
  - To recommend Option 10 (merger of 3 schools i.e. Ysgol y Parc, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis in a new school) as the Executive's preferred option for formal consultation;
  - That the preferred site for the new primary school in Holyhead be the Cybi site;
  - That prior to going out to consultation, a report be brought back to Executive members as regards the following matters:-
    - land ownership at the three sites,
    - affordability,
    - traffic management,
    - road safety,
    - status of the new school and
    - issues surrounding the preservation order at the former Cybi school site.
- 1.6 Funding, in principle, was secured for the new primary school. Welsh Government has stated that it would be willing to contribute a maximum of 50% of the cost of the proposed new school but the authority would need to prepare a business case to justify this expenditure.
- 1.7 A report detailing the points noted in 1.5 [see below] was presented to the Executive Committee on May 19, 2014 and officers were authorised to move to the formal consultation process.

#### Land Ownership of the sites

Following consultation with the Council's Legal Team, it was confirmed that Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol y Parc are both registered in the ownership of the Council. The position with regard to Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis is not as straight forward. Further work needs to be done to clarify the current position.

#### Affordability

The total cost of developing the Cybi site was initially estimated to be  $\pounds 13,600,000$ . Welsh Government officers expressed the view that the build cost noted above was relatively high. It is now forecast that the proposed new school will cost less than  $\pounds 10$  million.

#### Traffic Management and road safety issues

Officers from the Highways Department assessed the work required to ensure a safe route to the proposed new school. Subsequently, officers from the Highways and Waste Management Service made a successful application for a Safer Routes in the Community grant from the Welsh Government for £422,000.

#### The status of the new school

Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis is a Church in Wales Voluntary Controlled School. If this school is included in the reorganisation, the status of the new school will need to be determined. The Church in Wales Diocese is eager for the new school to be a Church in Wales Voluntary Controlled School and for the statutory consultation to be on the basis that the new school will be a Church in Wales Voluntary Controlled School.

#### CADW's preservation order at the former Ysgol Cybi school site

The Cybi block and the boundary walls were listed by CADW on the 13<sup>th</sup> March 2009. Both are grade II listed. The extent of the protection does not include the site but does include both the inside and outside of the Cybi block and anything affixed to the building. The advice from the Planning service is that when considering development within the setting of a listed building, special regard has to be paid to preserving the setting of the building. In this instance, the frontage setting is paramount while greater scope exists to the rear. As the building and the boundary wall were listed only relatively recently, CADW advised Council officers that there is very little likelihood of making a successful application for de-listing. There were also concerns about the condition of the building due to its being unused for a few years, ingress of water due to lead flashings having being stolen etc. This will increase the overall build cost of the new school.

The proposal for formal consultation was for a primary school for 540 pupils and 75 nursery pupils by combining the pupils from Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc in a new building on the Cybi site. The status of the school being consulted upon was for it to be a Voluntary Controlled Church in Wales school (in the same manner as the Parchedig Thomas Ellis School). The intention is for the school to have a capacity of 540 because the number of pupils in the three schools is increasing slightly and new housing developments are planned in the catchment area which will give rise to more children attending the proposed new primary school.

- 1.8 The consultation period ran from June 16<sup>th</sup> 2014 until July 27<sup>th</sup> 2014.
- 1.9 Meetings were arranged with school stakeholders over this period as outlined below:-

			Meeting with	1
School	Date (in 2014)	Staff	Governors	Parents
Parch. Thomas Ellis	Thursday, June 19	3.45	5.00	6.00
Llaingoch	Tuesday, July 1	3.45	5.00	6.00
Y Parc	Thursday, July 3	3.45	5.00	6.00

# 2. RESPONSES FROM YSGOL Y PARC

- 2.1 A total of 7 responses were received from parents of pupils at the school.
- 2.2 One response by e-mail was received from a mother of two children at the school. She said that she was "delighted" that the new school was likely to go ahead.
- 2.3 The other six response forms were received from parents of pupils at the school. Four were against the proposal whilst two were in favour. Those against cited points such as 'large **class numbers'**, 'health and safety', 'high costs' and possible increased 'carbon footprint' as reasons for opposing the proposed development. Those in favour said that 'better facilities and better buildings can only make for a better future' and that a 'state of the art school with fantastic facilities and equipment can only be a good thing for the children who will be attending this school'.
- 2.4 The Governing Body of Ysgol Y Parc were, 'in principle, in favour of the new school' but felt that the level of information in the Statutory Consultation Document was 'disappointing'. They felt that further information was required on the following issues.
  - Traffic and road safety
  - Class sizes and staffing
  - Special Educational Needs
  - Finance
  - Building and site
  - **Status** of the new school
- 2.5 A copy of the Governing Body's letter is included in Appendix 1.

# 3. RESPONSES FROM YSGOL Y PARCHEDIG THOMAS ELLIS

- 3.1 A response was received from one parent. Whilst disappointed that the school may close, the individual could 'see the reasons behind it'. The response also noted the hope that 'all the **staff** will be **retained**'. The response also questioned why the proposed new school should be a Church in Wales Voluntary Controlled school.
- 3.2 Officers consulted with the Diocese of Bangor Education Department prior to the formal consultation period. This is in line with the guidance in the School Organisation Code 2013 part 3.4 paragraph 3 [page 31]. A bilingual letter from Diocese of Bangor Education Department was received by e-mail on July 24, 2014 noting that the Department 'remain committed to the new school being a Church in Wales school and hoped that the Local Authority will explore possibilities which would reduce the effects of travelling further to the proposed new school'. It is thought that the Department would want the Authority to provide some form of transport for pupils from the Treseifion area to the proposed new primary school. A copy of the Diocese's letter is included in Appendix 2.
- 3.3 The Governing Body of Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis said 'its church school education has been part of the educational provision in Holyhead since 1748' and 'the staff recognise that in order to ensure and improve this provision, the time had come to consider relocation again.' The Governing Body acknowledged the issue of surplus places and stated that the proposed new primary school 'has much to commend it especially as there will be space and provision for breakfast and after school clubs'. However, they noted the following concerns.
  - Staff being concerned about the security of their jobs.
  - The availability of transport to and from the new school.
  - The issue of **safe routes to and from the new school**.
- 3.4 A copy of the Governing Body's letter is included in Appendix 3.

# 4. RESPONSES FROM YSGOL LLAINGOCH

- 4.1 A total of 117 responses from school stakeholders were received 51 or 44% were from parents of pupils of Ysgol Llaingoch. Each response opposed the proposal outlined in 1.8 above. Replies were also received from the Headteacher, staff and Governing Body. In addition, a petition of 187 names "To Keep Ysgol Llaingoch Open" was received. The comments received in the feedback forms have been grouped under the categories noted below.
- 4.2 Almost half of the respondents (49%) were of the opinion that **traffic** associated with the proposed new school would be problematic, noting that this "would lead to congestion". Others noted that they didn't want young children "having to cross a potentially dangerous road to Millbank sports field for P.E. lessons". Some (7 or 6%) felt the Authority had not considered traffic management nor how pupils from Treseifion would get to the proposed new school.

- 4.3 In addition, 18 respondents (17%) noted concerns for the **safety of pupils at the start and end of the school day**, stating that pupils' safety could be compromised.
- 4.4 A number of respondents (38%) disagreed with the **choice of the Cybi site** as the location for the proposed new primary school. Some of the reasons cited were that "the site was too small", that there is "no green space on the site" or that the Cybi building is "outdated" and "unsuitable" and "old and damp". Others thought that the "fabric of the building was unsuitable".

A few, (5 or 5%), did not think that the Cybi site had **sufficient green space** i.e. playing fields for the children and that there was insufficient play areas on the site.

- 4.5 Some, (16 or 15%), of the respondents thought that the proposed new primary school was "**too near to Holyhead High School**" and that pupils from the secondary would be "a bad influence on the younger pupils" and that the situation could lead to bullying.
- 4.6 Seven respondents (6%) also criticised the absence of a plan or diagram of the proposed new primary school.
- 4.7 A number of respondents (15 or 14%) thought that the **current educational set up was fine** and should not be changed. They felt the money should be spent either on the three primary schools in question or on Holyhead High School rather on building what some referred to as a "super school".
- 4.8 A number of respondents (15 or 14%) felt that **Llaingoch** is a village which is separate from Holyhead and therefore **deserves a separate school** and that Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis and Ysgol Y Parc should be combined.
- 4.9 Some (6%) felt that as there was only 3% of surplus places in Ysgol Llaingoch, and that the Authority was 'creating additional surplus places'.
- 4.10 Seven respondents (6%) **objected to the proposal that the new school would be a Voluntary Controlled Church in Wales school**, stating that they "object to the school being directed by a religious body". A small number of respondents felt that this was reducing the choice of "the type of school they wish for their children".
- 4.11 Seven respondents (6%) thought that combining the schools in a new building would **endanger "the children's right to be taught and to play in their natural language"**, namely Welsh.
- 4.12 **Class size** was a concern for 7 of the respondents (6%) as they were concerned that "class sizes will be too large". Others feared that "teaching jobs could be lost" and that standards would be affected.
- 4.13 Four letters were received from teachers at Ysgol Llaingoch wherein they agreed with the concerns of parents and others outlined above and were critical of the evidence presented in the consultation document which they say did not convince them. The staff listed the following six main points.
  - •The proposed new school is "too large and too impersonal"
    - •The Cybi site is "nowhere near being suitable"

- Traffic
- Insufficient land
- ""No appropriate consideration to the value of a school to its locality"
- The consultation document is unclear

# A copy of the letter from staff is included in Appendix 4.

- 4.14 A letter from the **Headteacher** echoed the above but also stated that "the Welsh language could be better nurtured in smaller units". A copy of the Headteacher's letter (in Welsh) is included in Appendix 5. Five main points are listed in the letter.
  - The Authority has not "evaluated the needs of the town in its entirety".
  - •The "lack of information available during the consultation process"
  - ""The Cybi site not suitable" and is "too close to the secondary school"
  - •Keep schools "sufficiently small" so that the Headteacher knows the pupils by name
  - ""Nurturing the Welsh language is easier in smaller units"
- 4.15 The **Governing Body** of Ysgol Llaingoch was critical of "the lack of clarity in the formal consultation document" and questioned the validity of the process. A copy of the Governing Body's response is included in Appendix 6.
- 4.16 One letter contained the suggestion to decouple "Ysgol Llaingoch and to proceed with a reduced school".

# 5. FEEDBACK FROM PUPILS

- 5.1 Officers from the Youth Service held short meetings with a representation of pupils from each of the three schools. Each group was asked the following questions.
  - •What may be 'GOOD' about moving to a new school?
  - •What worried them about a new school (BAD)?
  - If the Council decided to go ahead with the plans for a new school what would make it easier for the pupils to move?

The responses are outlined below (a more detailed report is included in Appendix 7.

5.2 **Question:** What may be 'GOOD' about moving to a new school?

Parchedig Thomas Ellis	Llaingoch	Y Parc
New facilities	Good to try new things	More friends
Meeting new children	'State of the art' equipment	More room
Near home	Meet new teachers	It is good to try something
New teachers	More chances to be in more	different
A modern school	teams e.g. football	Bigger classes / classrooms
Clubs	More friends	Designs
Having the same teachers	Better resources	It might be fun
More children in the school		
One pupil had moved from a very		
large school in England and he		
liked having lots of friends		

# 5.3 **Question:** What worried them about a new school (BAD)?

5.4	Question: If the Council decided to go ahead with the plans for a new school what would make it easier for
	the pupils to move?

Parchedig Thomas Ellis	Llaingoch	Y Parc
That the school council had a	Not many pupils knew children	The teachers moved with them
voice in the plans for the new	from other areas, so they would	The pupils have a voice in the
school	like to meet them before moving.	decsions about a new school e.g.
Keep the same teachers to move	See the new school before	the name of the school, school
with them	moving there	uniform, the school logo
Keep the same age groups in	Being able to choose to go to a	Different areas within the school
some areas in the playground	new school, and not to be forced	for different ages
Many of the pupils already knew	to go there	A week's trial for the pupils, like

children or were related to	Make sure that the education will	they have before going to
children who attended the other	be better because of better	Secondary school
schools	facilities	Good playing fields
	The teachers can move with them	Being able to see the plans for the
	Spend on improving the present	school beforehand
	school rather than on building a	Plenty of room
	new school	New clubs e.g. drama, music,
	Pupils have a voice in the	football, art
	planning of the new school e.g.	Know what would be the choice
	the building, the name, and the	for school dinners and how so
	school uniform	many pupils would be fed at the
	Different zones for different ages	same time
	within the school	

#### 5.5 **Question:** Anything else?

Parchedig Thomas Ellis	Llaingoch	Y Parc
The pupils would like to be part		
of discussions for the name of the school, school uniform etc.	-	-

5.6 The responses highlighted some common issues.

In relation to the question "What may be 'GOOD' about moving to a new school?", common responses included "new facilities, "state of the art equipment" and "better resources".

The question: "What worried children about moving to a new school?" drew the following common responses "being bullied by children from other areas", "class sizes", "traffic, parking and crossing roads". Pupils from Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis expressed the view "it was further for some children to walk" to the proposed new school.

The third question - "If the Council decided to go ahead with the plans for a new school what would make it easier for the pupils to move?" - elicited the following responses.

- Pupils would like to see the new school before moving and to have a "trial" period in the new school.
- Pupils were also keen to have the "same age groups in some areas in the playground" and to have "different zones for different ages within the school".

# 6. FEEDBACK FROM ESTYN

6.1 The consultation document was sent to Estyn to be reviewed. The response received referred to each stage in the statutory consultation process and is summarised below.

Question – How well has the	Answer
proposer:	
Given a clear rational for the proposal?	The reasons listed are "appropriate".
Set out the clearly and fairly the	"Overall, the authority puts forward a strong case for the
expected benefits and disadvantages?	proposal"
Considered suitable alternatives?	"The authority has appropriately considered suitable alternatives"
Considered the impact of the changes	"The authority has given appropriately relevant information on
on learner travel arrangements?	the impact of the proposed changes to learner travel and
	accessibility of provision to learners.
Effectively shown how surplus places	"The proposal details relevant information regarding the
will be affected?	numbers of pupils on roll previously, currently and forecast."
Considered the impact of the proposals	"The authority considers the impact of the proposals on Welsh
on Welsh medium education?	medium education appropriately."
Considered the impact of the proposals	"The proposal gives a comprehensive account of the outcomes at
on the quality of the outcomes,	each of the three schools in terms of end of key stage results and
provision and leadership and	Estyn inspection outcomes."
management?	
Considered the likely impact of the	"The authority has considered the likely impact of the proposal
proposals to ensure delivery of the full	to ensure delivery of the full curriculum at the Foundation Phase
curriculum at the Foundation Phase	and at each key stage."
and at each key stage?	

# 6.2 However, Estyn listed some weaknesses. These, and the Authority's response are listed below. How well has the proposer managed any risks associated with the proposals?

Estyn noted that the Authority "has not identified appropriate risks associated with the proposal". However, this had been done but the risk register was not sent to Estyn. The Authority has since updated the risk register for the project and a risk management governance and review process has been formulated (illustrated in the form of a flow chart), and agreed by the Education Transformation Board and Corporate Project Management Office. The success of the proposed new school and the implications of parents choosing alternative provision to the new school are taken seriously. As a response, the Authority will establish a stakeholder engagement group to **ensure** transparency of decision-making to key stakeholders. Indeed it has been recognised that effective stakeholder engagement is critical to the success of this project.

# How well has the proposer considered the impact of the proposals on the quality of the outcomes, provision and leadership and management?

Estyn noted: "However, it (Anglesey Council) does not refer to the local authority / consortium category of risk and support for each of the schools and neither does it consider well enough the leadership capacity of the schools."

Of the three schools, two (Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc) are currently identified as "schools requiring focused support and monitoring [orange]" in line with the LA/schools Partnership Agreement, while Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis is identified as being in the category of "schools requiring light monitoring and support [yellow]. The categorisation process will change later this year with the adoption of the National Model for School Improvement.

Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis and Ysgol Llaingoch are both led by experienced Headteachers while Ysgol Y Parchedig is led by a temporary Headteacher. Ysgol Y Parc and Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis were most recently identified as schools where the capacity to improve is good while this aspect is adequate for Ysgol Llaingoch, while recognising that recent improvements have been implemented at that school. This information will be further reviewed at the end of the current year.

# How well has the proposer considered the impact of the proposals on vulnerable groups, including children with SEN?

In this regard, Estyn said that the proposal lacks sufficient detail about the impact on vulnerable groups, including children with Special Educational Needs.

The impact of the proposal on vulnerable groups, including children with SEN has been highlighted in the outline business case. Currently only one of the three schools has a dedicated SEN facility or withdrawal areas. This makes it difficult to meet the needs of the pupils with SEN effectively. The proposal of a new school will provide improved educational and community facilities and specialist SEN spaces.

A new area school space will also provide opportunities to work with the local community and local services to offer collaborative initiatives to tackle the disadvantages, and to capture expertise in order to address the challenges they face and reduce the barriers to learning. Indeed the development of a first class facility will bring significant community and educational benefits to an area in much need of regeneration and renewal.

#### How well has the proposer considered the disruption to learners?

Estyn's reply noted that "the Authority does not describe how it will minimise any disruption to learners if the proposal is implemented".

The benefits of the proposed new school for the pupils will be realised at the end of the project. To ensure the journey towards a new school is a non-disruptive, valuable and memorable journey for the pupils, they will be invited to participate in community benefits schemes and consulted upon at different stages of the construction.

6.3 Estyn's.summary includes the following statement.

"It is Estyn's opinion that this proposal is likely to at least maintain the present standards of education provision in the area."

A copy of the Estyn's letter is included in Appendix 8.

#### 7. COUNCIL RESPONSE TO THE CONCERNS RAISED

7.1 The council's response to each of the concerns raised is outlined below.

#### 7.2 Health and safety concerns

Safety at the end and start of the school day

The traffic impact assessment conducted by Atkins states: "The design of the proposed school includes an off-site car park to accommodate parent/guardian drop off and collection trips so that it will not be necessary for these to park on the roads surrounding the school site. The car park will include a direct footway link to the school and will involve only a very short walk (around 70m). A lay-by containing 6 parking bays will also be provided directly adjacent to the school off Garreglwyd Road to cater for those with mobility difficulties." This will allow for the safe transfer of pupils to and from the school in the morning and afternoon.

At Ysgol Llywelyn, Rhyl which is a primary school of 530 pupils, the arrangements are as follows:-In the morning, parents bring their children to one of the entrance doors of the school where a member of staff is present to receive them into the school. At Ysgol Llywelyn in Rhyl, there was an entranceway that was one way with a dedicated drop off zone for parents. At the end of the school day, teachers and teaching assistants took the children to the various gates around the site to ensure the children are accompanied by an adult they know. This arrangement goes some way to allay the concerns raised by parents.

#### Traffic and road safety [including safe routes to school]

A detailed Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) has been undertaken by independent contractor. A copy of the report is included in Appendix 9.

A preliminary traffic impact assessment, conducted in 2012, noted that "a number of improvements would be required, require further investigation or would be desirable as part of a scheme to merge the schools. As a minimum these include:-

- Infilling gaps in footway provisions along Garreglwyd Road west.
- Review of pedestrian crossing facilities at the junction between Garreglwyd Road and South Stack Road,
- Consideration as to the location of future pedestrian access to the from South Stack Road in order to ensure that existing zebra crossing would be used (or is supplemented if necessary),
- Review of pedestrian crossing facilities at the east junction of South Stack Road (this may need to be accompanied by parking restrictions),
- Provision of adequate facilities for vehicles used to drop off / collect pupils,
- Adequate on-site staff and visitor parking,
- Consideration of the layout at the school vehicle access point off Garreglwyd Road due to

width of road and parking opposite,

- Improvement of visibility afforded at exit from school vehicle access,
- Consideration of ways of improving the existing pedestrian facilities and constraining increased vehicular use along Mill Bank and roads to the east."

The primary scope of the detailed Traffic Assessment included the following.

- To review access to the site by all travel modes and if necessary make recommendations for offsite improvements which can be delivered within available highway land.
- Review and comment on the proposals for access & parking at the site.
- Identify where a suitable coach drop off / collection point could be provided to serve the site on an occasional basis.
- Review the suitability of pedestrian crossing facilities between the site and existing sports ground to the south.
- Provide input to establishing staff parking arrangements.

The following section attempts to summarise the contents of the Traffic Impact Assessment report in Appendix 9.

#### **Access on Foot**

The review has confirmed that the Council has implemented appropriate schemes to provide new footways in most areas of concern. However, due to a lack of available road space there is still a short gap in provision at Plas Road to the west of junction with Plashyfryd Terrace.

#### Access by Bicycle

The report notes that there are no dedicated off-highway cycleways in the vicinity of the site. However, the roads around the site are traffic-calmed and carry only modest amounts of traffic. As such cycling to school for older children could be feasible.

#### **Traffic Activity**

- The roads around the proposed school site carry only modest amounts of traffic. During the hour applicable to the start / end of the school day, the combined 2-way traffic flows on South Stack Road are in the region of 200 vehicles and about half that amount travel along Garreglwyd Road in the same hours.
- The survey recorded a bias in directional flows on Porth-Y-Felin Road, New Park Road and along Garreglwyd Road. A cursory review of the data and local road arrangement would suggest that Garreglwyd Road, Mill Bank, Pump Street and the connecting roads to the southeast are probably used as a route by drivers heading southbound from areas to the north in preference to travelling via the town centre one-way system.
- The site visit at the start of the school day did not highlight any significant traffic issues or conflicts on South Stack Road near Ysgol Uwchradd Caergybi that would need to be addressed as part of the new school proposals.
- The observational travel mode surveys recorded the highest use of cars at Ysgol Llaingoch. 16% of Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis pupils indicated that they travel by car, 10% at Ysgol Y Parc, but 48% at Ysgol Llaingoch.
- It can be seen that Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol y Parc draw pupils from a widespread catchment and also have the most pupils already living in the area surrounding the proposed site. In contrast, the distribution of families with children attending Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis is more concentrated

to the southeast in the housing areas around that school.

- The majority (about 60%) of those attending Ysgol Llaingoch are shown to live to the east of the proposed site and therefore would have a shorter journey to the new school when compared to travelling to Ysgol Llaingoch. This fact might therefore assist in reducing the level of car use that it seems is currently made by families with children attending that school. A similar situation applies to many of the families with children attending Ysgol Y Parc as around half of attendees of that school live in the areas south and east of the proposed site and so again, for these, a shorter journey could result to the proposed site in comparison to travelling to their existing school.
- In general, a modest increase in journey length seems likely for around 1/3rd of families with pupils currently attending Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc. In contrast however it seems likely that around 2/3rds of families with children currently attending Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis will experience an increased journey length in transferring to the new school site.
- Overall however it can be discerned that the majority of pupils likely to attend the proposed school would live within an acceptable walking distance and consequently there is no obvious basis to conclude that a significant shift in travel mode would be required as a consequence of the new school scheme, and particularly in relation to families with children currently attending Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc. Whilst an increase in walking distance will be required for some, it seems reasonable to conclude that walking should remain the primary travel mode to the proposed site.
- The design of the proposed school includes an off-site car park to accommodate parent/guardian drop off and collection trips so that it will not be necessary for these to park on the roads surrounding the school site. The car park will include a direct footway link to the school and will involve only a very short walk (around 70m). A lay-by containing 6 parking bays will also be provided directly adjacent to the school off Garreglwyd Road to cater for those with mobility difficulties.
- It is recommended that new parking prohibitions (double yellow lines) should be installed on South Stack Road to each side of the junctions to Maes Cybi and New Park Road, as currently parking is permissible here but is not desirable as it could affect visibility for drivers leaving the side roads. The removal of currently permissible parking areas close to the school should also encourage use of the provided car park facilities.
- The design proposals do not include an on-site coach drop off / collection point and hence for the occasions when a coach is required (for example school trips) a suitable drop off / collection point on the public highway would be utilised. A review of the area indicates that a potentially suitable location exists nearby on the north side of South Stack Road, to the immediate northwest of the school site.

In addition to the above, staggering the finishing times of the proposed new primary school and Holyhead High School would alleviate buildup of traffic. The Headteacher and Governors of Holyhead High School have agreed to this change.

Traffic data regarding modes of transport was updated to include information for a rainy day in October 2014. The purpose of this was to enable data collected during the summer to be compared with data from the summer period.

The data for Ysgol Llaingoch collected in October 2014 showed that 36% of the pupils walked to the school, 20% either cycled or used a scooter and 44% came to the school by car. Therefore, use of a car as a mode of transport to the school was a little lower in October 2014 than in July 2014 survey.

As for the pupils of Ysgol Y Parc, of the 74 responses collected, 53% had walked to school, 28% had either cycled or used a scooter and 19% had travelled by car. In this case the number of pupils travelling by car had increased from 7 pupils in July to 14 in October.

Of the 49 responses collected at Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis, 75% had walked to school, 8% had either cycled or used a scooter and 10% had travelled to the school by car. In this case the number of pupils travelling by car had decreased from 8 pupils in July to 5 in October.

It appears therefore that using a car as a mode of transport to the schools does not increase very much in wet weather.

#### 7.3 The availability of transport to and from the new school.

If the proposal was to go ahead, the majority of pupils would live within 2 miles of the proposed new primary school and would not therefore qualify for free transport to the school. However, the Authority realises that the proposed school would mean some pupils, especially pupils from the Treseifon area, would have further to walk than others. The Authority would be open to suggestions in this regard.

#### 7.4 Size of the new school

Concerns were raised that the new school is "too large and too impersonal".

The potential impact the proposed new primary school would have on the community has been addressed in the Community Impact Assessment.

Estyn has defined large primary schools as those with 301 pupils and over. There are primary schools of the proposed size in North Wales and the headteacher and staff still know the pupils by name. Officers from the Lifelong Learning Department and elected members recently visited a primary school in Rhyl of 530 pupils. One of the techniques used to get to know the pupils better was for teachers, including the Headteacher, to take different class registers during the week and for pupils to present good work to teachers who are not their class teachers. This method is effective in enabling the Headteacher and other members of staff to get to know the pupils.

#### 7.5 **Decoupling Ysgol Llaingoch from the merger and building a smaller school**.

The independent contractors who conducted the Traffic Impact Assessment stated: "Whilst there are also issues currently affecting access from the west and northeast of the proposed site, the preliminary review suggests these could be either addressed or mitigated and in that sense it seems that the relocation of Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol y Parc to the new site is feasible. Data provided also indicates that pupils attending these two schools are already living in the immediate areas around the proposed site, or will be passing it en-route to their existing school in any case. For a sizable proportion of potential future pupils therefore, the transfer to the new site would involve little or no change to their existing travel patterns and could in fact reduce the length of their journey." Ysgol Llaingoch is closer to the proposed site of the new primary school i.e. the Cybi site (less than half a mile). Therefore, it would not be appropriate to "decouple" Ysgol Llaingoch from the process.

The other factor here is the condition of Ysgol Llaingoch. The formal consultation document stated: "Ysgol Llaingoch is a timber framed structure and there is grave concern regarding its long term future because of possible deterioration. Property officers have noted that the frame has deteriorated and that substantial questions remain regarding the safety of the school over the coming years". If Ysgol Llaingoch was 'decoupled' from the process, the issue around its long term viability would remain.

### 7.6 Class sizes and staffing

For the Nursery and Reception years, the teacher : pupil ratio is 1:8 which means in a class of 30, there would be a teacher and 3 or 4 assistants.

For years 1 and 2, the teacher : pupil ratio is 1:15 which means in a class of 30, there would be 1 teacher and 1 assistant as a minimum.

By law, class sizes cannot be greater than 30 for Nursery to year 2 i.e. in the Foundation Phase. For years 3-6 or Key Stage 2, there is strong guidance not to exceed 30 in a class. This means that the Authority would ensure that class sizes in the proposed new school will not be over 30. In fact, classes will be designed to accommodate 30 pupils each.

For a school of 540 pupils, this will mean that it will have 2 classrooms for the nursery (two being used say in the morning and one in the afternoon). There would be 6 classrooms for the Reception year and Years 1 and 2 of 56-60m<sup>2</sup>. Additionally there would be 10 classrooms for the Junior Department i.e. Years 3, 4, 5 and 6. This gives a total of 18 classrooms.

These rooms will be equipped with 'state of the art' equipment e.g. interactive whiteboards. In addition, there will be areas for teaching small groups and multi-function flexible spaces within the school.

The possibility exists that the post of Headteacher for the new school would be advertised nationally but that the vast majority of the remaining posts [deputies and teachers ] would be ring-fenced to the three schools concerned. In this respect, there is every likelihood that those members of staff who would want to continue would be offered a position in the new school.

#### 7.7 **Building and site** [suitability and too close to the secondary school]

Council officers have investigated the sites available in Holyhead and initially came up with 8 sites which included the sites of the 3 primary schools under consideration. The possible sites [and specifically Millbank, the park and Ysgol Cybi sites] were discussed in detail with the relevant elected members. This discussion resulted in the confirmation of the Ysgol Cybi site as being the preferred option. Details of the relevant options appraisal can be seen in Appendix 10.

All new primary schools are designed to the standards set out in the U.K. Government's Building Bulletin 99: Briefing Framework for Primary School Projects. This binding document requires that

Local Authorities design primary schools including play areas according to the number of pupils in the school. Some of the related details are outlined below:

- The total area of the Cybi site is 14,650m<sup>2</sup> and this meets the required rate per m<sup>2</sup> for each child under Building Bulletin 99.
- 1525m<sup>2</sup> (2.5m<sup>2</sup> per child) of external Soft Play area is required for a school of this size. Current site layout plans indicate external green areas being 1,430m<sup>2</sup> together with Rubber Soft Play area of 300m<sup>2</sup> i.e. a total of 1,730m<sup>2</sup>.
- 915m<sup>2</sup> (1.5m<sup>2</sup> per child) of external Hard Play area is required for a school of this size. Current site layout plans indicate external hard play areas being 3,300m<sup>2</sup>.
- 1220m<sup>2</sup> (2.0m<sup>2</sup> per child) of external Games Court area is required for a school of this size. Current site layout plans indicate 2 external games court areas totalling 1,600m<sup>2</sup>.
- There is also a requirement for a Habitat area of 305m<sup>2</sup> (0.5m<sup>2</sup> per child) current site layout plans indicate a Habitat area of 350m<sup>2</sup>.

In addition, all sports pitches on the Millbank campus will be available to the new school.

In terms of parking, 30 staff/visitor spaces are indicated on the school site and 50 staff / parent spaces indicated on the new Millbank car park site. As this potential project is to be designed and built by external contractors, this could change during the design phase when consulting with the various stakeholders. This is similar to the primary school for 530 pupils in Rhyl, which has a staff car park of 50 places.

In terms of population density i.e. how much space each pupil will have outside the building, calculations show that pupils will have just over  $20m^2$  of playing area in total. The corresponding figure for Ysgol Llywelyn is  $48m^2$ .

If the proposal was to go ahead, the Cybi building would be restored sympathetically to the latest building regulation standards which would make it very suitable for use as a school building. Building regulations set standards for design and construction which apply to most new buildings and to many alterations to existing buildings. They ensure the health and safety of people in and near buildings and cover:

- saving energy
- access
- use of buildings.

With regard to its proposed location, the new primary school being adjacent to Holyhead High School will offer the possibility of sharing resources for example:-

- Sharing physical resources sports facilities at Millbank
- Specialised teaching e.g. primary teachers presenting language related activities in years 7 and 8, secondary teachers delivering modern foreign language and P.E. lessons in years 5 and 6.

All schools follow the Authority's policies with regards to Bullying and the staff at the proposed new school would be expected to do the same. Stringent procedures are currently in place to deal with any issues of bullying and these policies and procedures will be implemented in the new school. Recent guidance (June 2014) from Estyn states that schools should

- raise awareness of bullying on the grounds of protected characteristics with pupils, parents, staff, and governors and take a more proactive approach to preventing and mitigating its effects
- consult pupils, parents, and others, to identify the extent and nature of bullying in the school and to agree the contents of strategic equality plans;
- plan age-appropriate opportunities in the curriculum to discuss issues related to the protected characteristics and to build pupils' resilience to bullying;
- ensure staff have a clear understanding of the extent and nature of bullying that may take place in school, including cyberbullying,
- make sure that staff know how to deal with and record incidents of bullying;
- record and monitor incidents of bullying in relation to the protected characteristics and use this information to review strategic equality objectives; and
- make sure all policies and procedures meet the requirements of the Equality Act 2010.

These measures are being implemented in the schools on Anglesey. They are also being practised at 3-19 schools which are increasing in number across Wales.

Staggering the finishing times of the proposed new primary school and Holyhead High School would greatly reduce the chance of primary and secondary school pupils coming into contact with one another.

#### 7.8 Finance and spending the funding on the three separate schools

#### Affordability of the new school

The total cost of developing the Cybi site was initially estimated to be  $\pounds 13,600,000$ . It is now forecast that the proposed new school will cost less than  $\pounds 10$  million. Welsh Government has indicated its support to meet 50% of the proposed cost.

#### Investing the funding in the present schools.

Funding for new school projects through the 21<sup>st</sup> Century Schools Programme is on a 50:50 basis with half each coming from Welsh Government and the Local Authority. A condition of this funding from Welsh Government is that it must be spent on modernising the school estate and that this then leads to reducing the number of surplus places in schools.

The total of the maintenance backlog for the three schools is  $\pounds 508,150$ . These are maintenance costs and would not bring the three schools up to a  $21^{st}$  Century School standard whereas a new primary school would be of that standard.

The original report drew attention to the maintenance costs in the three schools. Detailed surveys conducted by the Authority's surveyors in 2012/13 identified areas for significant expenditure.

Below are excerpts from Condition Surveys recently undertaken by the Authority's surveyors:

**Ysgol Y Parc** : "The concrete ring beam which supports the walls is in poor condition in several locations."

Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis: "The internal fabric to the rear elevation of the 2 storey block at

ground and first floor level are in a very poor condition."

In addition to the above, the structural condition of the **Ysgol Llaingoch** building was mentioned in the consultation document in section 7.7. It stated: "Ysgol Llaingoch is a timber framed structure and there is grave concern regarding its long term future because of possible deterioration. Property officers have noted that the frame has deteriorated and that substantial questions remain regarding the safety of the school over the coming years." Council surveyors have noted: "Although the timber infill panels and windows appear to be in good condition, it is known that the structural posts of the timber frame are in a poor condition as a result of wet rot which will require further detailed investigation and structural repairs in the future." The long term structural viability of the school building is therefore a concern.

# 7.9 Surplus places

The table below shows the % surplus places across the three schools [for 2013-14].

School	% Surplus places
Y Parc	15%
Llaingoch	3%
Parch Thomas Ellis	16%
TOTAL	10%

The total of 10% in the table above equates to 47 surplus places. Estyn estimated that each surplus place in the primary sector costs £260 to the Local Authority. For the three primary school concerned, these surplus places cost £12,220 to the Authority.

Even though Ysgol Llaingoch has 3% surplus places in 2013/14, almost half the pupils (48%) come from outside the catchment area of the school which effectively means that only about half the pupils in Ysgol Llaingoch are from the natural catchment area.

The % of surplus places in Ysgol Y Parc is 15%. However a third of the pupils (33%) come from outside the catchment area of the school. This effectively means that only two thirds of the pupils in Ysgol Y Parc are from the catchment area.

Whilst there are 16% surplus places in Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis, the vast majority of the pupils (91%) are from the catchment area.

#### 7.10 Status of the new school

The statutory consultation clearly stated that "The choice between Church in Wales, Roman Catholic, community and Welsh medium primary education provision in Holyhead would be maintained if the new school is to be a Church in Wales VC school." If the proposal goes ahead, it will not reduce the choice of the type of primary school in Holyhead.

As outlined at the consultation meetings, there are minor differences between a community school (e.g. Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc) and a voluntary controlled school (e.g. Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis). Some of these are outlined below.

#### Areas in common with other schools

As for any other school, a VC voluntary controlled school is required

• to follow the National Curriculum;

- to present Religious Education as part of the curriculum following the Anglesey Agreed Syllabus;
- to hold a daily act of collective worship (namely hold a service every day for the whole school, in departments or class by class);
- to nurture moral and spiritual values as well as other principles such as respect for others;
- to inform parents of their right to withdraw the child from the collective worship and the Religious Education if they wish.

# Differences in a Church in Wales VC primary school.

- A minority of governors are appointed to the Governing Body by the Church in Wales following statutory guidelines.
- The school's collective worship and Christian character is supported and monitored by the Church in Wales.
- The Headteacher is asked to support and develop the school as a church school and its Christian character and values. Some of the Christian values are noted below:
  - Inclusion, namely equal opportunities for everyone, promoting each learner's welfare and encouraging young people to achieve their full potential,
  - opportunity for pupils to consider the spiritual dimension to life,
  - respect each other's background encourage young people to discover and understand what they have in common, nurture a positive attitude to a variety of faiths.

These are values developed in the three schools in question.

In essence, the difference between a voluntary controlled school and a community school is minimal.

#### 7.11 Effect on the Welsh Language

A Language Impact Assessment was conducted as part of the consultation process in order to determine the possible effect of the proposal on the Welsh language. The document considered the following aspects.

- Use of Welsh at home by the pupils.
- Pupils taught through the medium of Welsh.
- Pupils receiving a Teacher Assessment in Welsh at the end of the Foundation Phase and Key Stages.
- The percentage of pupils who achieved in a Teacher Assessment in Welsh in the Foundation Phase and Key Stage 2.
- Language spoken by pupils on the school yard, Breakfast Club and After School Club.
- The school's involvement in Welsh-medium activities.
- Use of the school by the area to learn Welsh.
- Ability of staff to teach through the medium of Welsh.
- Ability of support staff to assist through the medium of Welsh.
- Percentage of Governors able to speak Welsh.
- Main language used at governor, PTA and staff meetings.

These aspects were considered for the individual schools as they are now and compared with the likley language situation if the proposal under consideration came to fruition. The conclusion was: "The proposed option will have a positive impact on the Welsh language".

The basis for the Headteacher's statement that "nurturing the Welsh language is easier in smaller units" is unclear. It appears to be an opinion rather than a view supported by evidence. While some methodologies have proved more successful than others, these are not connected to the size of school in the context of the current consideration. It could equally be put forward that a larger school would have more capacity to develop leadership expertise in this as in other fields. The statement is not consistent with the findings contained in the report "School size and educational effectiveness" published by Estyn in December of 2013.

#### 7.12 The value of a school in its locality, "needs of the town in its entirety".

The work being conducted on the proposed new primary school is not being done in isolation. Funding to regenerate Holyhead is available through the Vibrant and Viable Places Programme from the Welsh Government and officers from the Lifelong Learning Directorate and the Economic Development Department have worked closely to develop a major investment programme for Holyhead that considers the needs of the whole town.

#### 7.13 The "lack of information available during the consultation process"

It is accepted that more information could have been provided during the consultation process. However, judging the amount of work that needs to be conducted and presented prior to consultation can be difficult in that stakeholders often link outline proposals with the view that final decisions have been taken.

#### 7.14 Increased 'carbon footprint'

Current indications are that the three schools generate the equivalent of 275kg of CO<sub>2</sub> per pupil per annum. In the proposed new school, the heating system would be much more energy efficient and it is likely that photovoltaic cells will be installed on the roof to generate electricity. All the energy efficiency measures installed in the new school will reduce the carbon footprint compared to the three current schools.

#### 7.15 Special Educational Needs

It is envisaged that the proposed new school will have the following specialist facilities:

- One suitable room for a 'nurture group'
- 6 small group rooms for up to 6 pupils
- Quiet rooms off classrooms
- Learning Resource Area
- 7.16 A plan and/or a diagram of the proposed new school is now available and can be seen in Appendices 11, 12 and 13.

#### 7.17 Sufficiency of school places in the Holyhead area

The report draws attention to the fact that there is 10% of surplus places within the catchment area of the three schools involved in the project; this equates to 47 school places. In addition,

- the new school has been planned to accommodate numbers from foreseen building projects in the area of the new school;
- spare capacity, in accordance with WG guidelines, has been factored in to the size of the new school.

As a result, it is foreseen that there will be no associated change in the catchment areas in this part of Holyhead in that the proposal as outlined refers to the merger of the three schools and their catchment areas.

Whilst the effect of possible large scale developments associated with the Energy Island programme has been considered, their exact impact on the need for school places in Holyhead remains difficult to predict. Initial planning information suggests that these developments could impact on the southern parts of the Holyhead area and would need to be considered in the latter part of Band B of the Schools' Modernisation Programme. It would however be possible to progress this earlier if the need arises.

# 8 **RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 8.1 As noted above, the proposed merger of the three schools has, overall, been reasonably well received by the stakeholders of Ysgol y Parc and Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis. The vast majority of the opposition has been received by the stakeholders of Ysgol Llaingoch.
- 8.2 The opposition to the proposal is centred around the following issues.
  - Health and safety concerns at the end and start of the school day and traffic and road safety.
  - The availability of transport to and from the new school.
  - Size of the new school
  - Class sizes and staffing
  - Building and site issues [suitability and too close to the secondary school]
  - Finance and spending the funding on the three separate schools
  - Surplus places
  - Status of the new school
- 8.3 It is contended that the Council has responded appropriately to all of the concerns highlighted above in that:
  - the traffic impact assessment suggests that the project is feasible;
  - sympathetic restoration of the Cybi building would provide a high quality learning environment;
  - the site is sufficient to house a school of this size in that the proposed new primary school would more than conform to the regulations in Building Bulletin 99;
  - class sizes would not exceed 30;
  - the choice between Church in Wales, Roman Catholic, community and Welsh medium primary education provision in Holyhead will be maintained if the new school is a Church in Wales voluntary controlled school;
  - high maintenance backlogs and concerns about the conditions and energy performance of the current three schools would be addressed by the new development;
  - the proposal will address surplus places across the <u>three</u> schools;

- the likelihood that the proposed development will have a positive impact on the Welsh language.
- 8.4 In view of the above, it is recommended that the Executive adopt the resolution to merge the three schools (Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc) in a new school building on the Cybi site and that the proposed new school would be a Voluntary Controlled Church in Wales school.

The Education department firmly believes that the proposed new primary school will be of great benefit to the local communities in Holyhead.

8.5 The Corporate Scrutiny Committee discussed this matter at its meeting on October 15, 2014. Having carefully considered the written and oral information presented, it was resolved to support the proposals within the report and to recommend to the Executive that it approves the merger of the three schools (Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc) in a new school building on the Cybi site and that the new school has the status of a Voluntary Controlled Church in Wales school.

Appendix 1	Response from Ysgol y Parc
Appendix 2	Copy of letter from Diocese
Appendix 3	Response from Thomas Ellis
Appendix 4	Response from Llaingoch staff
Appendix 5	Response from Headteacher Llaingoch
Appendix 6	Response from Llaingoch Governors
Appendix 7	Response from pupils
Appendix 8	Response from Estyn
Appendix 9	Traffic Impact Assessment
Appendix 10	Option appraisal
Appendix 11/12/13	Plan of school

#### **YSGOL Y PARC SCHOOL**

Ysgol y Pare Newry Fields Caergybi Ynys Mon LL65 1LA



**APPENDIX** 1

Pare Primary School Newry Fields Holyhead Anglesey LL65 1LA

**Governing Body** 

24 July 2014

# Holyhead Area Primary Schools Review - Formal Consultation Response of The Governing Body of Ysgol Y Parc

The proposal for a new modern primary school for Holyhead is welcomed and is a positive development unlike previous negative rationalisation proposals which has meant that since 2006 Ysgol Y Parc has had to operate under the threat of closure which has been difficult.

Holyhead deserves and would certainly benefit from the building of a new "state of the art" school fit for the 21st Century.

A new "state of the art" school designed to reflect and complement modern education practices is to be welcomed and there are many opportunities to improve the classroom experience with improved technology and school infrastructure as long as it is delivered properly.

In principal we are infavour of the new school however we feel the level of information in the Statutory Consultation Document is disappointing, showing a number of inconsistencies when it is considered as a whole and therefore does not make the best case for the new school which is its objective.

One example of this is that the document omitted an important statistic which should have been readily available, that is the percentage of pupils from Ysgol Llaingoch who come from outside the catchment area. Having requested this from the Education Department we were informed that the percentage of pupils from Ysgol Llaingoch who come from outside the catchment area is **43%** which in the context of this consultation is an important statistic, bearing in mind recent press coverage has been to portray it as a "village school".

There are a number of statements and assumptions made within the document which are not supported by clear evidence although may exist.

There are also concerns which have been raised during earlier stages of the process which are not covered within the consultation document although again work may have been on these.

While discussing the issues with all the stakeholders of Ysgol Y Parc the following concerns and suggestions have been raised and will need to be addressed to ensure the new school is successfully delivered:-

## 1. Traffic and Road Safety

Traffic and road safety were previously raised by two separate committees and a report was commissioned. Why is this not included?

Has the Authority considered the potential impacts on pupil welfare and safety when making the decision on the proposed site? Have the authority assessed the potential walking routes as will be required under the Learner Travel (Wales) Measure 2008. We feel that further consideration to these points would have benefited the consultation.

It is a serious concern to us that there is no evidence in this consultation that these matters have been considered. Whilst assessment work may have been undertaken, to not make reference to these issues in the Formal Consultation is unhelpful as stakeholders need to know that pupils will be safe.

# 2 Class Sizes and Staffing

The document estimates that the new school will have approximately 540 pupils and would have 19 class rooms but only 16 teachers and a non-teaching head, this leads to a class size of 33.75 which is above the Welsh Government target of no more than 30. It is our opinion that class size has significant influence on pupil performance and therefore the staffing structure needs to be re-evaluated.

In a school of the proposed size there needs to be a strong management structure to ensure it is effectively run which we believe would include the head teacher; a head of KS2;ahead of Foundation Phase; and SENCO with sufficient non-contact time.

It is important that the existing staff, allowing for retirements, are deployed in the new school as they will be familiar with the pupils and provide for continuity of their education.

# 3. Special Education Needs

There is no mention of the provision of Special Education Needs at the proposed new school.

Ysgol Y Pare has been piloting a new initiative of a dedicated "Nurture Room" for pupils who lack in social skills and therefore find education difficult. This has proven to be a cost effective way of teaching such pupils the skills they need so that they can be integrated into main stream education and become less disruptive to the other pupils. To date this initiative has been successful and we would want to see similar provision in the new school.

With the recent changes in funding of SEN pupils we would want assurances that there would be sufficient funding to deal with SEN pupils including the funding of a SEN coordinator in school who would need a sufficient amount of non-contact time.

# 4. Finance

The School Funding (Wales) Regulations 2008 require 70 per cent of funding for individual schools' budgets to be distributed in accordance with factors which are learner led. Authorities have discretion to distribute the remaining 30 per cent on the basis of a range of factors so that they can take account of individual school circumstances.

## **YSGOL Y PARC SCHOOL**

Ysgol y Pare Newry Fields Caergybi Ynys Mon LL65 1LA



Pare Primary School Newry Fields Holyhead Anglesey LL65 1LA

#### **Governing Body**

Evidently there will be additional costs during the transition and we would therefore want assurances that the Authority will fund all transitional costs so that the new school will not be financially disadvantaged from the outset.

#### 5. Building & Site

No reference is made to the design or facilities of the new school. We would assume that the proposals would have to conform to the standards specified within Welsh Governments '21st Century Schools and Educational Capital Programme in order to qualify for the capital funding.

There is a figure for development of the school quoted in the consultation, so there must be at least an outline design available, especially as Welsh Government funding has been secured. Why are the details not included? It would have been helpful for all stakeholders to been more details on design as this could be quite influential.

The current three schools all benefit from good provision of outdoor space and playing fields. We therefore feel it is essential that any proposed facility has similar provision, and is designed to accommodate the large number of pupils.

We see the siting of the new school on the "Cybi Site" adjacent to the High School as being an innovative and positive move for the following reasons:-

- i. Familiarisation of the pupils with the High School will make for an easier transition to the High School at Year 7.
- ii. Both the Primary School and High School would be able to share resources, such as sports facilities, school halls, etc.
- iii. Curriculum innovation between the schools through cross phase staff development activity.

Ysgol Y Pare already has close ties with the High School with a number of initiatives in progress including High School staff helping teach our pupils in IT.

We believe the new school sited at the "Cybi Site" should have a covered walkway over the road to create safe access between the two sites and which would also be a strong symbol of the collaboration between the two schools.

# 6 Church in Wales School

During the Informal Consultation our view on this issue, which was included in our submission was as follows:-

"In terms of whether the new school be a "protestant church school" the governors are fairly relaxed provided the relevant opt outs are available for non-Christian pupils of which there currently are a number of in Ysgol Y Pare and that educational standards are not affected. The governors would support a vote by parents of the schools affected to decide whether the school should be a "church school" or not."

The Formal Consultation Document assumes that the new school will be a Church in Wales School but we are still of the view that this should be decided by the parents.

As a Governing Body we understand that the Welsh Government funding is conditional on the outline proposals submitted and if the current proposal does not go ahead there will be no funding.

The Council will only have the one opportunity to succeed in providing Holyhead with a new modern school fit for educating pupils in the 21st Century.

It is therefore important that all the concerns and suggestions are acted on to ensure the new school is properly delivered, providing the pupils with the highest standard of education in a comfortable and safe environment.

Chair of the Governors

Adran Addysg Esgobaeth Bangor Canolfan yr Esgobaeth Clôs y Gadeirlan Bangor Gwynedd LL57 1RL



APPENDIX 2 **Diocese of Bangor Education Department** Diocesan Centre Cathedral Close Bangor Gwynedd LL57 1RL

22 July 2014

Mr. Emrys Bebb School Reorganisation and Modernisation Officer Lifelong Leaning Department, Isle of Anglesey Council Park Mount Ffordd Glanhwfa Llangefni Ynys Môn LL77 7EY

Dear Emrys,

# Holyhead Primary School Provision Statutory Consultation

The Diocese has the following small comments to add to those made at the Pre-Consultation stage.

- 1 We remain committed to the new school being a Church in Wales school, and are heartened that the Local Authority continues recognise the importance of this provision.
- 2 The meeting of parents at Ysgol y Parchedig Thomas Ellis highlighted the issue of distance to school for a number of pupils who come from socially and financially disadvantaged homes, for whom the walk to school on the new site will be longer.

We would hope that the Local Authority will explore possibilities which would to lessen the effects of this longer distance, and ensure that all pupils can reach the new school, whatever the weather!

With my prayers and best wishes

#### **APPENDIX 3**

CYNGO Ĩ v• ISLE OF "NGLESEY ...'. Mr Emrys Bebb -1JUL 201it Schools Modernisation Program Manager Isle of Anglesey County Council NECHT F SUCAESSIN f...\_ **Education Department** Pare Mount Glanhwfa Road Llangefni LL777EY Dear Mr Bebb

Please find the following response from Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis attached.

Yours Sincerely

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30.6.14

Chair of Governors

Holyhead Primary Schools' Review

Statutory Consultation Holyhead Area

(Isle of Anglesey County Council: June 16th - July 27th, 2014)

Further to the meetings held at Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis on Thursday, June 19<sup>'''</sup>, 2014, regarding the Holyhead Primary Schools Review, the governors staff and parents representatives have had time to reflect on the proposals.

1.Comments.

- 1.1 The school acknowledge that the LEA (Isle of Anglesey County Council) has to address the issue of surplus places in the light of their cost to the system and recent directives from the Welsh Assembly.
- 1.2 The school recognise that a new primary school built on the Cybi site, has much to commend It, especially as there will be space and provision for breakfast and after school clubs.
- 1.3 The school believe that as a Church school, the distinctive Christian character of Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis based on Christian values adds an extra dimension and value to the education of pupils. It has enabled some pupils to flourish, when they have been unable to develop in other schools. Clarification is required regarding point 5.3 of the consultation document where it states:

"It is envisaged that the new school will either be a Voluntary Controlled school and would be a Welsh medium school."

Thomas Ellis has rightly gained a reputation for strong leadership and with that a princi pled and determined Christian ethos. If the other two schools involved in this consultation object to the provision of a Church if Wales school what will the response of the LEA be?

In our opinion without doubt and to ensure the success of a new school the Head Teacher should be a strong leader, be experienced in the role, having proven credentials in driving up standards of achievement at all stages, having shown success in team leadership, having displayed proper regard to the care of the children, and having shown understanding of the obligation towards the LEA and its agencies.

1.4 The teaching staff and other employees at our school require reassurance that they are able to fulfil their commitment to our young people without the medium term

security of their jobs being comprised. If the approval for the modernisation project is given by the LEA Executive the process of appointment to the new positions needs to be clarified without delay.

1.5 As indicated in the parents' meeting, real concern has been expressed regarding the availability of transport to get the pu pils to and from the new site. We understand that traffic impact studies are being done to identify some of the Safety issues in question. You r own consultation document, Section 4.3.3 states that:

"InJanuary 2014, 9% of pupils came from outside the catchment area."

A minority of pupils very often have to get themselves to and from school. The concern is that these pupils would be disadvantaged if Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis moved from its present site, and would expect the LA to do all that it could to support this vulnerable set of pupils if such a move happens.

It also states in your report 4.3.4." Over half the pupils i.e. 55% pupils receive free school meals".

This is an indication of the deprived area that the school serves. Consequently it is of paramount importance that urgent consideration be given to provision of bus services from the Thomas Ellis . catchment area to the new school site. Without provision for such a service the parents of many of the pupils will not take on the ethos of the new school because of the problems related to transport.

If the school is not accessible to a majority of the parents( being approximately 2 miles away up hill) then the gap between deprivation will certainly widen, attendance will fall and in turn this will impact negatively on standards which are currently good in Thomas Ellis. as is the attendance.

#### 2 Conclusion

2.1 Ysgol y Parchedig Thomas Ellis and its church school education has been part of the educational provision in Holyhead since 1748. In that time it has relocated on two occasions, and the staff recogn ise that in order to ensure and improve this provision, the time has come to consider relocation again.

- 2.2 The school are proud of their commitment to high standards, as indicated in Table 15 of your consultation document .Reassurance is required from the LEA that should the new school project proceed that support would be in place to ensure that the good standards and positive practices of Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis continue at the new location.
- 2.3 Any new primary school in Holyhead which involves Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis must be a Church in Wales School. The provision of a Church in Wales School provides balance and variety to the overall primary provision in Holyhead as well as offering – through its distinctive Christian Character – an opportunity for pupils to develop in a special and safe environment.
- 2.4 As explained in point 1.4 above, and on page 9 of your consultation document:

"Reorganisation can have a disruptive effect on staff and pupils." Clarification is required from the LEA as to what is the due process for identifying displaced teaching and non-teaching staff to the new positions at the new school.

2.5 The issue of safe routes to and from the new school needs to be addressed. As explained in1.5 above:

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"Aminority of pupils very often have to get themselves to and from school. The concern is that these pupils would be disadvantaged if Ysgol Y Parchedig Thomas Ellis moved from its present site, and would expect the LA to do all that it could to support this vulnerable set of pupils if such a move happens".

4



Formal Consultation- Holyhead Area

Thank you for the invitation to voice an opinion in the consultation process. We hope very much that we can positively influence your final decision. We feel that we have a strong basis for contributing to the process, with extensive years and varied and very wide professional experience from amongst the staff.

It is not easy to change an order that has worked for centuries. It is not easy to disregard past successes. It is not easy to disperse traditions that have taken firm root in society.

The staff of Ysgol Llaingoch are completely unanimous in opinion that 'option 10' is not the correct option to "modernise" education in the Holyhead area. Indeed, despite the fact that the consultation process has been a cloud over our work for years, we do not feel that enough consideration has been given to the area's true needs.

In its entirety we are of the opinion that the proposed school is too big is too big and impersonal to create the best leaning conditions for children to succeed. Certainly, we do not feel chosen location is nowhere near to being suitable for a school of the size that is offered. We share our parents' concerns as regards traffic management and managing the contact with the secondary school pupils. We cannot see how there will be enough land to offer the necessary experiences that are required of the primary curriculum.

More than anything we do not feel that you have given appropriate consideration to the value of the individual schools to their square mile - and whether it would offer as good social involvement in an establishment that is further from their communities. This is most evident in the village of Llaingoch but as meaningful within the communities of Ysgol y Parc and Ysgol y ParchedigThomas Ellis.

The quality and substance of the evidence presented as part of the consultation process does not convince us that the plan would do anything but destroy the strong basis that has been created over centuries in the three present schools. The information that has been presented does not offer a clear enough picture of the rationale for change. Not enough detail has been imparted by you to ease concerns such as job security and whether there will be finance for 21<sup>st</sup> century resources within the new school.

Some clauses in your consultation document raise questions regarding the authenticity of the process itself as they are unclear at best and even misleading. The rationale for reducing empty places as noted in your document does not match your public debate. There is not enough substance either to explain how the conditions in the new school are more likely to succeed than the present provision.

There is no doubt that we agree that a substantial financial investment would be a blessing, and a too valuable opportunity to lose for improving provision in Holyhead town. We greatly deplore that there are not more real options investigated in enough detail when forming strategic plans for the future of education in the town.

Yours sincerely

Ysgol Llaingoch's staff

# LLAINGOCH

SOUTH STACK ROAD, CAERGYBI | HOLYHEAD, YNYS MÔN LL65 1LA

As Head Teacher of Ysgol Llaingoch, and one who has extensive experience of working in Holyhead, I would like to give my personal perspective on your plans for a new school in the town.

Although I believe that I understand your motivation for creating a school that has enough financial capacity to create the best conditions for primary education in the area, I believe that you have not evaluated the town's real needs in their entirety before deciding on the proposed plan.

It is a fact that investment is needed in our school buildings. That is particularly true in Llaingoch.

It is possible that increasing staff numbers would facilitate more collaboration including more careful joint-monitoring – but is this not encouraged between our current schools? It would be nice to have adequate teaching staff to be able to respond quicker and more comprehensively to additional learning needs that include more able and talented pupils – but this provision can be offered already within our schools. Certainly it would be nice to have a budget to be able to invest more extensively in the latest educational resources – but there is no guarantee that the latest resources would be available in a bigger school.

Possibly an enormous school would create the capacity to enable response to the above aspirations and other matters such as supporting the welfare of our schools' most fragile pupils. The welfare aspect is certainly crucial if the new school were to open.

It is true to say that a small element of me sees the appeal of being part of an exciting new project. From having co-operated with Ysgol y Graig I am witness to seeing how a new building and 'economy of scale' is able to lead to success.

But, after evaluating (as careful as possible taking the lack of information that was available during the consultation process) I am not convinced that the advantages outweigh the disadvantages.

Undoubtedly the Cybi site is not suitable for a school of the size in question. Personally I would not consider placing a primary school of any size there because it is too near the secondary school.

I strongly believe in a school's value for its community. We should aim at having our primary schools nearer to our families, not further. Asking a young family to walk up to two miles across the town in all weathers is unfair.

I believe in the importance and value of keeping pupil numbers small enough where the head teacher knows the pupils by name. This kind of knowledge is of more value than any data tracking system. I believe that it is possible a better relationship of a team with less staff.

I believe that it is possible to nurture Welsh more successfully in smaller units. Although considerable support exists in developing Welsh in our schools, each one is on a different development step.

I believe that the capacity already exists in the town's schools to create the best possible learning conditions. I acknowledge that there is a real need for the financial investment that is part of your plans. I am asking how much true research has been carried out for options beyond the limited plans presented during the informal step? How much would be the cost of investing in the three present schools for example? It is difficult to believe that £11,500,000 would not be enough money to improve and adapt the current sites.

My hope is that we can ensure this investment in our schools but doing so through a plan that has been tailored in more balance of the needs of the town of Holyhead.

Yours sincerely

HEADTEACHER /PENNAETH

### Llaingoch

#### SOUTH STACK ROAD, CAERGYBI | HOLYHEAD, YNYS MÔN LL65 1LA

As a governing body we are well aware of the need to make the best possible use of limited resources. We agree that it is imperative to make the most efficient use of allocated budgets. We also know of the pressure from the Welsh Government to address surplus places as part of their drive for better use of financial resources.

However Ysgol Llaingoch already provides Ynys Môn with one of its most cost efficient schools. Estyn inspectors confirmed that standards at our school are good and the school provides good value for money in terms of pupils' outcomes, quality of provision and use of funds. As a Governing Body we are also confident that our 'prospects for improvement' has improved during this current school year.

We do not have any surplus place problem, and the forecast in your consultation document indicate that we will be over capacity by September 2015. In fact the data you provide shows that there is no obvious surplus places problem within the proposed new catchment area. Despite your best attempt to explain that you plan for future needs using "natural catchment" figures you have not explained how you can reduce the number of surplus places by creating a larger school than the total of the three you propose to close.

To ensure we fairly represented the views of our stakeholders we balloted the opinion of our parents, prospective parents, staff and community members. With over 96% (with similar or better trends across all categories) against your proposal (to amalgamate three schools to form one school with 540 pupils plus 75 nursery places on the Cybi site) we have a very firm mandate to strongly object to any move to the proposal bring realised.

As you state in your consultation document, when considering any need for change it is imperative that schools are suitable for the locations they serve. However you have shown no regard for the value of each school to the communities that they currently serve. We have demonstrated that there is virtually no support for your proposal within the community of Llaingoch. We question if you have been proactive enough to understand the views of the other two communities directly involved let alone your long term plans for the rest of Ynys Môn.

With a population of about 12,000 Holyhead is a relatively small town. There are very few schools in Wales as large as the proposed school that would be located on the Cybi site – and most of those are located in our high population city areas.

We are aware that you have received numerous individual objections from Ysgol Llaingoch stakeholders. They have provided many detailed reasons why the proposals cannot be supported. In addition to the points we make above we concur with the following headline objections:

- The Cybi site is unsuitable in size and location
- We are not convinced how traffic can be managed to ensure the safety of the pupils

• A probable increase in traffic due to the school being further away from most homes than their current school will increase the carbon footprint

- Due to the lack of space on the Cybi site pupils would need to use shared facilities for lessons such as physical education. They would also need to cross busy roads to reach these areas
- The Cybi sites proximity to the high school has more disadvantages than advantages
- You have not demonstrated how educational standards can be maintained and raised
- The proposal will restrict the choice of schools for parents within the area particularly that of a choice between a faith and non-faith school
- Unfavourable anecdotal comparisons of people who have experienced larger primary schools

• The value of tradition and other emotional aspect that cannot easily be measured but the value of which should not be under-estimated

As you know, we have very serious reservations about the lack of clarity in your formal consultation document. The document is symptomatic of the lack of attention to detail throughout the whole project. We question if enough information has been shared for the consultation results to be in any way valid. We have even considered seeking legal advice to see if there are grounds to ask you to go back to the informal consultation stage.

We were very pleased that you sought the views of our pupils as part of your consultation process. We congratulate you on sending a highly skilled team to carry out this task. It was unfortunate that poor judgement and preparation was again evident in your consultation. Asking the pupils what would help in any transition should the new school become a reality was a highly weighted question that, whether deliberate or not gives the impression that your choice has already been made - and this on the young and vulnerable minds being consulted.

Finally, our sincere hope is that we can offer our assistance in forming a new vision that would ensure that your objective to modernise our schools here in Holyhead, and beyond, is realised. There is no doubt that the funding secured would lead to the long term viability of our schools in the twenty first century. Surely a collaborative effort, together with the political will, can result in an improved solution that can address all our aspirations.

Yours faithfully

Ysgol Llaingoch Governing Body

# **Consultation with Ysgol Y Parch Thomas Ellis**

# 02/07/14

Youth Service served as facilitators

### Number of pupils – 10. Members of the School Council

The Youth Service staff were welcomed to the school by the Chair of the School Council and minutes were taken by the Council's secretary. A photo was taken for the school's Facebook page.

### Introduction

It was explained that the adults from the area had already had an opportunity to put forward their opinions on the Council's intention to close three schools and build a new school. We were there to seek the opinion of the pupils – not parents, teachers or our own opinion, but the pupils who would be attending the school, and therefore the most important people, who would be affected by this decision.

The pupils reported that the school has around 118 pupils currently in 6 classes and nursery classes. The proposed new school would have up to 500 pupils. There would be 16 classes, compared to the 8 that are currently in the school. They knew that the schools for the proposed merger were Llaingoch, Ysgol y Parc and Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis.

### What to the pupils like about their current school?

Large playground; sports and the classes; the Teachers, the flowers and the garden; music, art, maths, clubs, rock band, work is explained well.

### What may be 'GOOD' about moving to a new school:

- New facilities
- Meeting new children
- Near home
- New teachers
- A modern school
- Clubs
- Having the same teachers
- More children in the school
- One pupil had moved from a very large school in England and he liked having lots of friends

### What worried them about a new school (BAD)

- Maybe not being able to make friends
- Bullies from other areas
- Big children
- The noise
- Small playground
- Nervous of going to a new school
- The work harder
- Present school is a Church School so can't be merged with the other schools
- Further for some children to walk

# If the Council decided to go ahead with the plans for a new school what would make it easier for the pupils to move?

- That the school council had a voice in the plans for the new school
- Keep the same teachers to move with them
- Keep the same age groups in some areas in the playground
- Many of the pupils already knew children or were related to children who attended the other schools

### Anything else?

• The pupils would like to be part of discussions for the name of the school, school uniform etc.

All the pupils who attended were presented with a certificate for attending. The chairperson was thanked for presiding over the meeting, and he was complimented on the mature way in which the council held their discussions. It was a pleasure to attend the school.

The report will be forwarded to the Headteacher, to be shared with the School Council members, and will be forwarded to the Councillors as part of the consultation process.

# Consultation with pupils of Ysgol Llaingoch 14/07/14

### Youth Service served as facilitators

Number of pupils -12 - members of the School Council, and a representative of the Board of Governors as an observer.

### Introduction

It was explained to the pupils that the adults from the area had already had an opportunity to put forward their opinions on the Council's intention to close three schools and build a new school. We were there to seek the opinion of the pupils – not parents, teachers or our own opinion, but the pupils who would be attending the school, and therefore the most important people, who would be affected by this decision.

The pupils reported that the school has around 170 pupils at the moment, and two nursery classes. The proposed new school would have up to 500 pupils. There would be 16 classes, compared to the 8 that are currently in the school. They knew that the schools for the proposed merger were Llaingoch, Ysgol y Parc and Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis.

### What do the pupils like about their current school:

Computer work; good teachers; not too many pupils; school friends; after-school clubs; activities like gymnastics, netball, Urdd; everybody are kind; everybody know each other; cookery club; gardening club; Llaingoch is a village.

#### What may be 'GOOD' about moving to a new school:

- Good to try new things
- 'State of the art' equipment
- Meet new teachers
- More chances to be in more teams e.g. football
- More friends
- Better resources

### What worried them about a New School (BAD)

- Not a village school
- Classes would be big maybe up to 40 pupils?
- Crossing the road
- Being bullied by children from other areas
- Clubs too big no chance for everyone to take part
- Good staff losing their work
- Parking for parents
- Losing the history and memories that are part of the school (mum/dad/grandmother/ had attended this school before them
- Walking to school in the rain/hills to climb
- Traffic
- Getting lost in the school

- Less chance to be in a school team because of competitions for places with high numbers of children
- Will 'broadband' work well there and will all pupils have easy access to it
- Crossing the road to playing fields
- Gaps in the fences/walls at the back of the proposed school site will it be be safe for the children

# If the Council decides to go ahead with the plans for a new school what would make it easier for the pupils to move?

- Not many pupils knew children from other areas, so they would like to meet them before moving.
- See the new school before moving there
- Being able to choose to go to a new school, and not to be forced to go there
- Make sure that the education will be better because of better facilities
- The teachers can move with them
- Spend on improving the present school rather than on building a new school
- Pupils have a voice in the planning of the new school e.g. the building, the name, and the school uniform
- Different zones for different ages within the school

### Anything else?

All pupils who had taken part were presented with a certificate for being part of the meeting. The Headteacher and Deputy Head and the Governors' representative were thanked for welcoming us to their school. Thank you to the pupils for taking part openly and making it a pleasure for us to be in the school.

The report will be forwarded to the Headteacher, to be shared with the pupils and the Governors' representative, and will be forwarded to the Council Members as part of the consultation process.

# **Consultation Ysgol Y Parc**

# 17/07/14

### Youth Service served as facilitators

### Number of pupils - 11. Members of the School Council and the Kids

### BACKGROUND

It was explained that the adults had already had an opportunity to put forward their opinions on the Council's intention to close three schools and build a new school in the Holyhead area. We were there to seek the opinions of the pupils – not parents, teachers or our own opinion, but the pupils who would be attending the school, and therefore the most important people, as they would be the ones affected by the decision. All the pupils were aware that the intention was to build a new school and merge Ysgol y Parc, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol y Parch Thomas Ellis, ac that the likely site was the Cybi Site. There would be 16 classes in the new school, compared to 8 in the present school.

### What do the pupils like about their current school :

Playing; Activities in the hall e.g. assembly with all pupils present; Nice teachers that are fun; playing with friends; learning a lot so that I can have a good job, windows that open to let in fresh air, Good Time; the playing fields; it is a healthy school, school trips

### What may be 'GOOD' about moving to a new school:

- More friends
- More room
- It is good to try something different
- Bigger classes / classrooms
- Designs
- It might be fun

### What worried them about a new school (BAD)

- Being scared of heights
- Bullying
- Scared of having to be with new children
- Wouldn't know where everything is
- We wouldn't know the teachers
- Being shyl
- Difficult to make new friends
- Busy school and the yard being full
- It's hard on the smaller children to go straight to a big school without having been to a small school first
- No playing fields

# If the Council decided to go ahead with the plans for a new school what would make it easier for the pupils to move?

- The teachers moved with them
- The pupils have a voice in the decsions about a new school e.g. the name of the school, school uniform, the school logo
- Different areas within the school for different ages
- A week's trial for the pupils, like they have before going to Secondary school
- Good playing fields
- Being able to see the plans for the school beforehand
- Plenty of room
- New clubs e.g. drama, music, football, art
- Know what would be the choice for school dinners and how so many pupils would be fed at the same time

### Anything else?

All pupils were given certificates for attending the meeting. The pupils were thanked for making it a pleasure to be at the school. It was explained that a report would be sent to the Headteacher, for the School Council, and a copy would go forward to the Councillors as part of the consultation.

# Estyn response to the proposed merger of three schools: Ysgol y Parc, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Parch. Thomas Ellis in a new school in Holyhead.

This report has been prepared by Her Majesty's Inspectors of Education and Training in Wales.

Under the terms of the School Standards and Organisation (Wales) Act 2013 and its associated Code, proposers are required to send consultation documents to Estyn. However, Estyn is not a body that is required to act in accordance with the Code and the Act places no statutory requirements on Estyn in respect of school organisation matters. Therefore as a body being consulted, Estyn will provide their opinion only on the overall merits of school organisation proposals.

Estyn has considered the educational aspects of the proposal and has produced the following response to the information provided by the proposer.

### **Summary/ Conclusion**

Are the proposals likely to maintain or improve the standard of education provision in the area?

It is Estyn's opinion that this proposal is likely to at least maintain the present standards of education provision in the area.

### **Description and benefits**

How well has the proposer:

• Given a clear rationale for the proposal?

The authority has identified seven key reasons to justify its rationale. These are appropriate and focus on issues such as raising standards, leadership, breaking the link between deprivation and pupil attainment as well as referring to financial matters, reducing surplus places and ensuring modern bespoke facilities. The proposal also refers to the Council's aspirations to provide every pupil and young person in Anglesey with the best possible opportunities to succeed.

# • Set out clearly and fairly the expected benefits and disadvantages when compared with the status quo?

Overall, the authority puts forward a strong case for the proposal. It has identified several advantages compared with the status quo which appear to be reasonable.

The advantages include:

- o a state of the art building with all modern facilities for the pupils;
- o significant capital investment in the town's primary school provision;
- significant capital receipts to reduce the project cost;
- o reduction in the need for repair and maintenance expenditure;
- o a 2+ stream school is more cost effective than three single stream schools;
- o all homes in the catchment area would be within 1 mile of school;

- a 2+ stream school [75 nursery + 540 4-11 year olds] would provide places for future growth in the catchment area; and
- a school of this size would employ approximately 16 teachers which could ensure specialisms in all areas.

There are two disadvantages noted. Namely:

- significant capital costs approximately £11m for a building not including site costs; and
- that re-organisation can have a disruptive effect on staff and pupils.

### • Managed any risks associated with the proposals?

The authority does not appear to have identified appropriate risks associated with the proposal. Neither does it appear to have examined fully the implications of parents choosing alternative provision to the new school, which would be likely to lead to a reduction in the planned numbers transferring. It does not contain a statement on the impact on staff deployment.

• Considered suitable alternatives and given good reasons as to why these have been discounted?

The authority has appropriately considered suitable alternatives through their open consultation process for 21<sup>st</sup> Century schools programme.

• Considered the impact of the changes on learner travel arrangements and on accessibility of provision?

The authority has given appropriately relevant information on the impact of the proposed changes to learner travel and accessibility of provision to learners. Included are appropriate details of catchment areas, distance and travel time for learners.

• Effectively shown how surplus places will be affected? If surplus places will be increased has the proposer given adequate reasons for this?

The proposal details relevant information regarding the numbers of pupils on roll previously, currently and forecast. It states that information on how these numbers will be affected if this proposal is implemented is provided later in the proposal.

• Where relevant, taken sufficient account of the impact of the proposals on Welsh medium provision within the local authority?

The authority considers the impact of the proposals on Welsh medium education appropriately.

### Educational aspects of the proposal

### How well has the proposer:

# • Considered the impact of the proposals on the quality of the outcomes, provision and leadership and management?

The proposal gives a comprehensive account of the outcomes at each of the three schools in terms of end of key stage results and Estyn inspection outcomes. However, it does not refer to the local authority / consortium category of risk and support for each of the schools and neither does it consider well enough the leadership capacity of the schools.

### In terms of end of key stage data:

Foundation Phase:

 Ysgol Y Parc has generally not performed as well as comparable schools since the inception of the Foundation Phase. Performance in the Foundation Phase at Ysgol Llaingoch has been good especially in the second year of the Foundation Phase. The performance of Ysgol Parch. Thomas Ellis follows a similar pattern with its performance comparing very favourably with the averages for Anglesey and Wales.

### Key stage 2:

 The performance of Ysgol Y Parc has improved over the last three years and the school was in the top quarter in three subjects in 2012/13. The pattern for Ysgol Llaingoch suggests performance is higher than that of similar schools. On the whole, the performance of Ysgol Parch. Thomas Ellis is lower than that of similar schools.

### In terms of inspection outcomes:

- Ysgol y Parc was last inspected in April 2009 under the previous inspection framework. One key question was judged as having good features and no important shortcomings, three of the key questions were judged as having good features which outweigh shortcomings and three as having some good features, but shortcomings in important areas.
- Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis was last inspected in June 2008, again under the previous inspection framework. One key question was judged as being good with outstanding features, the other six key questions were judged as having good features and no important shortcomings.
- Ysgol Llaingoch was inspected in July 2013 under the current inspection framework. The school's current performance was judged as good, and its prospects for improvement, adequate.

Performance in the three schools is generally good and it is reasonable to assume that the standards would be maintained were the proposal to go ahead. The proposal also purports that having a headteacher with 100% non-contact time would lead to raising standards in the new school. It is a reasonable assumption to make but is very much dependent on ensuring the school can attract an effective leader with the requisite skills, knowledge and understanding.

# • Considered the likely impact of the proposals to ensure delivery of the full curriculum at the Foundation Phase and at each key stage?

The authority has considered the likely impact of the proposal to ensure delivery of the full curriculum at the Foundation Phase and at each key stage.

# • Considered the impact of the proposals on vulnerable groups, including children with Special Educational Needs?

The proposal lacks sufficient detail about the impact on vulnerable groups, including chidren with Special Educational Needs.

## • Considered the disruption to learners?

The authority does not describe how it will minimise any disruption to learners if the proposal is implemented. However, the new proposed school will be a new build and will not appear to impact on the pupils at any of the three schools during the period of construction.

# Holyhead Schools Relocation Transport Assessment

August 2014

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**Plan Design Enable** 

#### Notice

This document and its contents have been prepared and are intended solely for the Isle of Anglesey County Council for information and use in relation to proposals to relocate existing schools at Holyhead to a new site.

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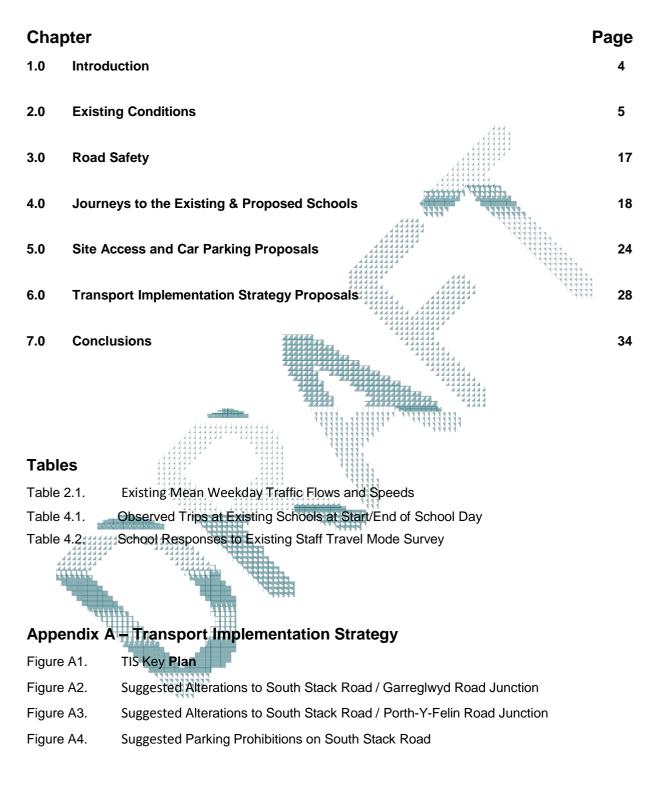
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# **Client signoff**

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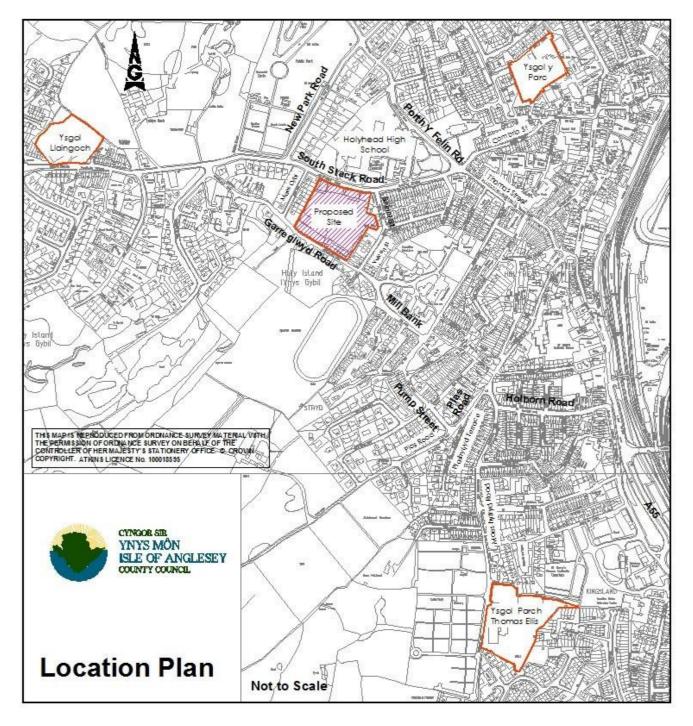
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## Appendix B – School Travel Plan Overview

# 1. Introduction

1.1 The Isle of Anglesey County Council (IACC) appointed Atkins to prepare this Transport Assessment (TA) relating to proposals to relocate three existing primary schools in Holyhead - Ysgol Llaingoch, Ysgol y Parc and Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis - to a new school on land opposite to Holyhead High School off South Stack Road. The existing and proposed sites are shown below.



1.2 The proposed school site is that of the former Ysgol Uwchradd Caercybi which internet sources indicate opened in 1949 and continued in use until around 2007. The site is currently vacant but is to be redeveloped to create a new combined junior school catering for around 600 pupils.

- 1.3 Planning Guidance Wales **TAN 18: Transport**, indicates that the "output of the TA should be a Transport Implementation Strategy (TIS) that addresses relevant transport objectives for the site, guided by the development plan and the issues identified in the analysis of person movements."
- 1.4 TAN 18 Section D.5 confirms that "All new schools should be subject to TA. The level of analysis should provide the decision maker with suitable data regarding the accessibility of the site by all modes and the impacts on movement patterns likely to occur. The level of detail should be proportionate to the scale of the development. The objectives of the TIS should as a minimum include the creation or improvement of safe cycling and walking routes, restricting car access around schools, providing adequate cycle storage, and a framework for future travel planning activity."
- 1.5 The three existing schools, from which staff and pupils would transfer, are located within a 1 kilometre / 0.6 of a mile radius of the proposed site and therefore traffic and person trips being currently made to the existing schools will undoubtedly already in part be passing through the area. The TA considers the transfer of these trips to the proposed site on the basis of data collected in relation to the existing schools and makes recommendations for future access measures via the provision of a TIS for the project. The TIS comprises a set of physical measures that it is considered would improve pedestrian and cyclist safety along with an outline Travel Plan for the new school, which it is intended will be developed both prior to the relocation date and further post occupation of the new school.

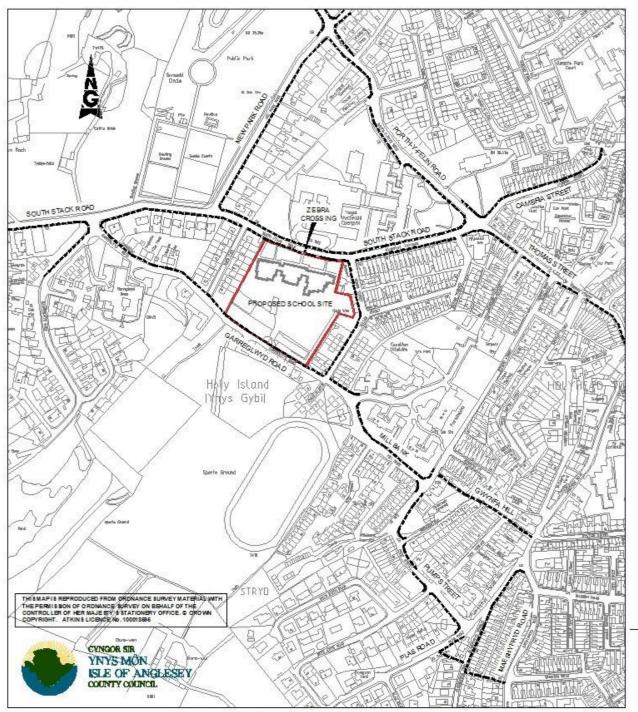
# 2. Existing Conditions

### Access on Foot

- 2.1 All roads surrounding the proposed are subject to 30mph speed limits and are lit during darkness. Atkins has carried out two reviews of access relating to the schools relocation proposals, with the first being completed in July 2012 and the second as an update exercise as part of preparing this report.
- 2.2 The 2012 review highlighted a number of concerns with regard to pedestrian facilities in the area as gaps in footway provision were identified at a number of locations, with the result that pedestrians were sharing road space with vehicles on some routes that would likely be used for walking journeys to and from the proposed school. In particular footway facilities were noted to be lacking at:
  - 1) Garreglwyd Road North
  - 2) Mill Bank
  - 3) Between Mill Bank and Gwynfa Hill, and
  - 4) Between Plas Road and Plashyfryd Terrace.
- 2.3 The lack of footways in these locations and narrow width of some others was highlighted as a safety concern to IACC as it was considered that they would potentially act as primary pedestrian routes to/from the proposed school site.
- 2.4 In particular the lack of facilities at Plas Road and along Mill Bank, which would probably provide part of the main access corridor for pedestrians from the southeast (particularly therefore for existing attendees of Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis), was of concern and, consequently, the 2012 review concluded that unless footways could be provided at these locations IACC should reconsider the proposal to relocate Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis to the new site - on pedestrian safety grounds.
- 2.5 The latest review has confirmed that in the intervening time period IACC has implemented schemes to provide new footways in most of these areas and as a consequence there is now a contiguous provision along Garreglwyd Road, Mill Bank and to Gwynfa Hill. A new section of footway has also been provided at the junction of Plas Road with Pump Street; however, due to a lack of available road space there is still a short gap in provision at Plas Road to the west of junction with Plashyfryd Terrace.
- 2.6 Pedestrians heading to and from the southeast have an alternative to using this route via footpath links that connect Plas Road to Maeshyfryd Road, however the link between Plas Road and Plashyfryd

Terrace includes steps and hence those wishing to avoid such follow the footway to the junction with Plas Road where they then have to walk in the road for about 30m.

- 2.7 Whilst an alternative route exists as described, the lack of footway provision at this section of Plas Road remains a concern and proposed remedial works are therefore included later in this report and via the TIS.
- 2.8 A schematic representation of the existing footway routes that connect the proposed site to the surrounding areas is provided below. Please note that the plan does not show all of the existing footways but is intended to illustrate the assumed primary routes that are likely to be used.



Primary Footway Links to Surrounding Areas

- 2.9 Due to the historic nature of the streets in Holyhead, the footways provided alongside roads vary in width. The older footways can typically be around 1 to 1.2m wide, however wider footways exist where new facilities have been provided and along South Stack Road past the site where the footways have been increased in width (and the road narrowed accordingly) at some time in the past. The pedestrian crossing points in the older footways are generally provided by means of simple dropped kerb arrangements which do not include contemporary features such as the dropped kerbs being flush with the road surface or tactile paving slabs being provided at the crossings. Where footways have been improved the latter features have generally been incorporated.
- 2.10 At some locations there are no dropped kerbs to assist crossing movements or there are other elements that would benefit from improvement. The TIS at Section 6 outlines proposals for making improvements to pedestrian facilities along routes that are likely could be used in accessing the new school, as part of the project.
- 2.11 During the site assessment, it was noted that a school crossing patrol person is provided to assist pedestrian movements across South Stack Road to the east of Ysgol Llaingoch close to an existing shop. There is a slight bend in the road here and vehicles parked outside of the shop can reduce forward visibility for motorists and from the north side footway for pedestrians. It is likely that even under the new school arrangements parents and children may wish to cross South Stack Road in this location and hence it would be worthwhile to retain the crossing patrol arrangement post opening of the new school.
- 2.12 Improvements to pedestrian facilities are discussed further at Section 6 of this report.

## Access by Bicycle

- 2.13 There are no dedicated off-highway cycleways in the vicinity of the site and IACC has confirmed that none is currently planned. National Cycle Route No 8 passes through the area and connections to that route are signed off some side streets in the area, for example Edmund Street and Maeshyfryd Road.
- 2.14 The roads around the site are however traffic-calmed by means of road humps and raised pedestrian crossings it will be confirmed later in this report that they carry only modest amounts of traffic. As such cycling to school for older children could be feasible and it is understood that IACC and Sustrans are already working on cycling initiatives with the existing schools in the area. (The TIS also includes the suggestion to review the speed limit applicable to the roads adjacent to the proposed school site to further benefit cyclists).

## Access by Bus

- 2.15 IACC's 'School Transport Policy' is typical of others in the UK and provides free transport for pupils under the age of 16 if they live "2 miles or more from the school in whose catchment area they reside" (IACC website). The proposed school will serve the immediate catchment area and consequently the provision of school buses would not comprise part of the access strategy.
- 2.16 Staff working at the school and living outside of the area could potentially use buses for travel to and from work as there services between Holyhead and outlying areas around the island. The main service routes are Bangor, Llangefni, Rhoscolyn, Morawelon and Rhosneigr / Aberffraw. The services run from the town centre bus station at Victoria Terrace which is 1/3 mile / 500m from the proposed school site and thus the main bus station is within an acceptable walking distance.
- 2.17 There is also a local bus service (No 25) that passes the site heading to and from Holyhead and Llaingoch which could feasibly be used as a shuttle connection between the new school and town centre.

2.18 The nearest bus stops to the site are located on South Stack Road at LLaingoch bowling green, to the west of the site, and at Alderley Terrace to the east. These stops are approximately 150m from the proposed school site and thus are readily accessible.

### Access by Rail

2.19 There is a railway station at Holyhead and so again it is feasible that staff or other visitors living along the route of the track could use trains for travel to and from the proposed school.

### Local Road Network and Traffic Activity

- 2.20 As part of the 2012 scheme review, automatic traffic counters (ATC's) were installed on Garreglwyd Road, South Stack Road, New Park Road and Porth-y-Felin Road for one full week to measure the volume, composition and speed of traffic using those routes.
- 2.21 At a scope of assessment meeting held in advance of preparing this TA, IACC confirmed that as no major developments had been completed in the area during the interim period, it was considered that the 2012 traffic data remains representative and thus no further survey work was required. It was also confirmed that there are no known network capacity problems in the area and thus that the TA did not need to include local junction capacity assessments. The primary scope of the TA was therefore agreed as being:
  - To review access to the site by all travel modes and if necessary make recommendations for off-site improvements which can be delivered within available highway land.
  - Review and comment on the proposals for access & parking at the site.
  - Identify where a suitable coach drop off / collection point could be provided to serve the site on an occasional basis.
  - Review the suitability of pedestrian crossing facilities between the site and existing sports ground to the south.
  - Provide input to establishing staff parking arrangements.
  - Provide a Framework Travel Plan that could be implemented post opening of the new school.
- 2.22 A brief overview of the roads surrounding the site is now provided.

# South Stack Road:-

- 2.23 South Stack road forms the northern boundary to the proposed site. In the vicinity of the site the following features apply:
  - A two-way road with wide footways to each side.
  - Includes a raised 'Zebra' crossing between the high school and proposed site which acts as a trafficcalming feature. Advanced warning signs of the crossing are provided for motorists. The crossing includes tactile paving within each footway and railings are provided along the southern side footway to preclude errant crossing movements (see Photograph 1).
  - The zig-zag markings associated with the Zebra crossing extend from Seiriol Street to a short distance away from the northeast corner of the site. Parking of vehicles on South Stack Road immediately adjacent to the proposed school site / existing High School is, therefore, not permitted.
  - On-street parking is occurs outside of the nearby residences at 'Alderley Terrace' to the east end of the road and parked vehicles have the potential to reduce inter-visibility to/from the east with the junction to Seiriol Street. The parked vehicles do not appear to unduly impede traffic movements along South Stack Road.

- A small staff car park and drop off area for the High School is afforded off the north side of the road which is accessed via a one-way arrangement with separate in / out access points with entry gained to the east of the Zebra crossing and exit movements to the west of the crossing. (NB the main car park and drop off / collection area for the High School are located off Porth Y Felin Road).
- Signs to Diagram 545 warn motorists that the road is used by children going to and from school.
- There are no cycling specific facilities along the road.



Photograph 1 – View along South Stack Road past proposed site (Site on the left / High School on the right)

2.24 It is evident that the carriageway of South Stack Road was narrowed adjacent to the school sites at some time in the past as to northeast of the site and by Seiriol Street junction there are build-outs in the road and each of the footways becomes wider (see Photograph 2). This road narrowing has a number of benefits as it has reduced the pedestrian crossing width, will help constrain traffic speeds ('Araf/Slow' road markings are also provided) and it also means that the footways along the section between the proposed and existing schools are wider than are generally provided elsewhere.



Photograph 2 – Looking east along South Stack Road where road narrows

### Seiriol Street:-

- 2.25 Seiriol Street is a short side street to the east of the site. There is a separation between the site and this road due to housing along the west side of the road. Seiriol Street has the following features:
  - Circa 6.70m wide two-way road with 1.4m wide footways to each side,
  - There are few parking restrictions; however, parking seems to occur predominately outside of the properties along the east side of the road.
  - There is a former access to school site to west side of the junction with Vulcan Street.



Photograph 3 – Looking north along Seiriol Street

### **Vulcan Street:-**

- 2.26 Seiriol Street meets with Vulcan Street which then continues southward to connect with Garreglwyd Road. Vulcan Street is similar in character to Seiriol Street:
  - The layout is generally as Seiriol Street but appears to have more on street parking due to the housing along both sides.
  - Visibility to the left from within Vulcan Street at the junction with Garreglwyd Road is restricted by adjacent buildings (see below) however, the road humps on Garreglwyd Road constrain the speed of vehicles.



Photograph 4 – Vulcan Street / Garreglwyd Road Junction (Vulcan Street is road on the left ahead)

## Maes Cybi:-

- 2.27 Maes Cybi is a small residential side street lying to the west of the site, again separated from it by housing. It has the following characteristics:
  - A short street running between South Stack Road to the north and Garreglwyd Road to the south.
  - Approximately 4.8m wide with footways to each,
  - Resident parking occurs along each side of the street and due to the limited road width some vehicles were observed parked straddling the footways, as shown below.
  - Maes Cybi is traffic-calmed by means of road-humps.



## Garreglwyd Road:-

- 2.28 Garreglwyd Road runs along the southern boundary of the site and vehicular access to the site was historically gained from this road. It's features include:
  - A two-way road having a variable carriageway width of between 5 and 7m.
  - Variable width of footways from 1m to 1.8m but typically around 1.45m with contiguous provision recently completed along the north side of the road.
  - There is a raised 'Zebra' pedestrian crossing on the road to the southwest corner of the proposed school which provides pedestrian access to a Sports Club / Ground on land on the south side of Garreglwyd Road (see photograph below). Advanced signs are provided to alert motorists to the crossing ahead Footway.
  - Footway provision on the south side of the road is in the vicinity of the sports ground access / raised Zebra crossing only.
  - Vehicle access to the proposed school site car park is to be provided off Garreglwyd Road to the east of the Zebra Crossing.
  - There are no cycling specific facilities along the road; however Garreglwyd Road is traffic-calmed by means of road humps.



Photograph 6 – Looking east along Garreglwyd Road from the Sports Ground Access (school site on the left)



Photograph 7 – Garreglwyd Road west (New footway visible on the right beyond junction to Maes Cybi)

## Mill Bank:-

- 2.29 Mill Bank lies to the southwest of the site. IACC has recently altered the road to provide a new footway along its north side. It comprises:
  - Two-way road typically around 6m carriageway width.
  - Traffic-calmed by means of road humps.
  - New footway to the north side in excess of 1.5m width,
  - Ninety-degree bend to east end.
  - Sign to Diagram 545 at east end to warn motorists that the road is used by children going to and from school.



Photograph 8 – New Footway along Mill Bank

### Gwynfa Hill:-

2.30 Whilst the roads to the east of the site (Mill Bank/Pump Street/ Plas Road) could be used to access the proposed school for staff / pupils living to the southeast and in particular the 'Kingsland' area around Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis, a pedestrian route is also available from areas to the east of the site via 'Gwynfa Hill' which is signed as part of National Cycle Route No. 8. At its northern end Gwynfa Hill connects to Edmund Street and again the local authority has recently installed a new footway to link to Mill Bank where there was formerly a lack of provision.



Photograph 9 – New Footway link from Gwynfa Hill to Mill Bank

2.31 Staff and pupils from areas to the north of the site could use New Park Road or Porth-Y-Felin Road to walk down to South Stack Road, whilst those northeast would perhaps follow Cambria Street to the eastern end of South Stack Road. These roads are now described.

### New Park Road:-

- 2.32 New Park Road is located to the west side of the 'high-school' site. It offers the most direct route to the site from the residential settlement at Porth-Y-Felin to the northwest. Typical features include:
  - A straight road 7.3m wide with 1.8m footways to each side,
  - There are no parking restrictions in place, however the adjacent properties have ample off road parking and hence on-street parking appears not to be commonplace. The road width is such that occasional on-road parking would not present a problem.
  - Visibility along South Stack Road from southern junction is good in both directions as it is on the outside of a slight bend in South Stack Road.
  - This road is not traffic calmed





- 2.33 A one-way street with traffic movements permitted only in a northbound direction away from Porth-Y-Felin Road. Whilst the road could thereby be used by vehicles heading away from the site it is most likely that Cambria Street would be used as one of the pedestrian routes to and from the housing areas to the northeast.
  - 7.3m wide road with 1.8m footways to each side,
  - The primary points of access to the High school site are gained from this road, including to the main car park and bus facilities.
  - There is a large lay-by outside of the school for use in dropping off/collecting children.
  - Includes raised 'Zebra pedestrian crossings which act as traffic-calming features,
  - Road width reduces significantly at east end on the approach to Thomas Street.



Photograph 11 – Typical view of Porth-y-Felin Road past High School

### **Cambria Street**

- 2.34 A one-way street with traffic movements permitted only in a northbound direction away from Porth-Y-Felin Road. Whilst the road could thereby be used by vehicles heading away from the site it is most likely that Cambria Street would be used as one of the pedestrian routes to and from the housing areas to the northeast.
- 2.35 Again the local authority has recently improved the footways along Cambria Street; however the crossing facilities at the junction with Porth-Y-Felin Road / Thomas Street are poor and hence improvements are proposed as outlined at in the TIS.

# Traffic Volumes and Speeds:

- 2.36 Automatic traffic counters were installed at the approximate mid-points of Garreglwyd Road, South Stack Road, New Park Road and Porth-y-Felin Road for one full week in May 2012 (i.e. during school term time) to measure the volume, composition and speed of traffic using those routes. The average values of the weekday results obtained during the hours covering that start / end of the school day and over a full day traffic are shown in Table 2.1 below.
- 2.37 Observations made during site visits (including at the start of the school day) would suggest that whilst traffic volumes in the area are comparatively modest the traffic calming features in place are serving to constrain traffic speeds along the roads nearest to the proposed site. This view is backed up by the survey data as the recorded average weekday speed of traffic using South Stack Road and Garreglwyd Road in the vicinity of the proposed site during the hours that cover the start / end of a school day was well within the 30mph speed limit as shown in Table 2.1 (note in the columns WB = westbound, EB = eastbound, etc).

	Traffic Flows 08:00-09:00	Traffic Flows 15:00-16:00	24 hour Traffic Flows	Traffic Speed 08:00-09:00	Traffic Speed 15:00-16:00
South Stack	88 WB	128 WB	1,474 WB	21mph WB	22mph WB
Road	108 EB	99 EB	1,328 EB	24mph EB	24mph EB
Garreglwyd	25 WB	43 WB	520 WB	15mph WB	15mph WB
Road	84 EB	70 EB	986 EB	16mph EB	16mph EB
New Park	68 NB	74 NB	816 NB	28mph NB	27mph NB
Road	64 SB	95 SB	1,155 SB	29mph SB	27mph SB
Porth-Y-Felin	80 NB	98 NB	1,080 NB	15mph NB	16mph NB
Road	59 SB	71 SB	746 SB	15mph SB	15mph SB

Table 2.1 – Existing Mean Weekday Traffic Flows & Speeds

- 2.38 It can be seen that the raised pedestrian crossings on Porth-y-Felin Road are also effective trafficcalming features as the recorded speeds on that road past the High School during the hours 08:00-09:00 and 15:00-16:00 were between 15 and 16mph in either direction.
- 2.39 The highest traffic speeds were recorded along New Park road and were typically close to the 30mph speed limit. The higher speeds recorded on this road are probably attributable to the fact that New Park road is wider than other roads in the area, has a straight alignment without much on-street parking and there are no physical traffic-calming features in place.
- 2.40 Table 2.1 confirms that the roads around the proposed school site carry only modest amounts of traffic. During the hour applicable to the start / end of the school day, the combined 2-way traffic flows on South Stack Road are in the region of 200 vehicles and about half that amount travel along Garreglwyd Road in the same hours. It can be seen that the recorded flows between 15:00-16:00 are generally slightly higher than the 08:00-09:00 period, even though the AM hour would include commuter journeys.
- 2.41 Whilst directional traffic volumes using a road do not always exactly balance, the surveys recorded a bias in directional flows on Porth-Y-Felin Road, New Park Road and along Garreglwyd Road. A cursory review of the data and local road arrangement would suggest that Garreglwyd Road, Mill Bank, Pump Street and the connecting roads to the southeast are probably used as a route by drivers heading southbound from areas to the north in preference to travelling via the town centre one-way system. Notwithstanding this anomaly, the overall volume of traffic movements along each road, including Garreglwyd Road is quite low.

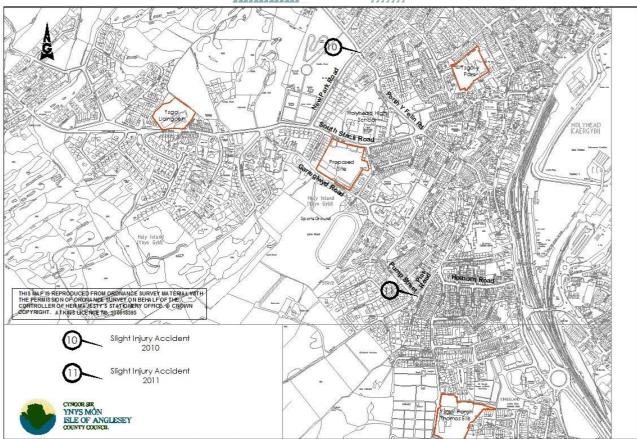
## High-School Traffic:

- 2.42 A visit was made to South Stack Road between 08:25 and 09:05 in order to observe vehicle activity associated with the high-school at the start of a school day. The majority of arrivals to the school via South Stack Road during this time were made on-foot with a bias of arrivals from the east (town side); however, some children were observed being dropped off by car.
- 2.43 Those arriving by car were generally dropped off in the vicinity of the raised zebra crossing close to the high-school on South Stack Road in which case their drivers stopped briefly at the kerbside whilst the passenger alighted before the driver continued their journey along the road. A roughly equal number of drop offs were made on each side of the road (i.e. they were split roughly equally in either direction). A handful of drivers originating from the east were also observed turning left into Seiriol Street to then drop off children close to its junction with South Stack Road. In the latter scenario, after dropping off their passengers drivers continued down Seiriol Street.

- 2.44 In total around 35 cars were noted as dropping off children to the High School, with the majority doing so directly on South Stack Road. The dropping off activity was spread out fairly evenly over the half-hour period observed and thus rarely was more than one vehicle at a time present. As highlighted above, traffic flows along this road are light, even during this (theoretically peak period) hour, and hence the dropping off of High School children as described, which only takes a few seconds in each case to complete, did not result in any congestion or other traffic problems.
- 2.45 The high school confirmed that in the afternoon all collections of children by car are made from the parking lay-by at Porth-Y-Felin Road and, as a consequence, cars do not park along South Stack Road whilst awaiting children at the end of the school day. As noted previously zigzag markings associated with the raised zebra crossing extend over much of the road between the school sites in any case and consequently parking on South Stack Road close to the schools is not permitted.
- 2.46 The site visit at the start of the school day did not highlight any significant traffic issues or conflicts that would need to be addressed as part of the new school proposals. Anticipated vehicle activity associated with the proposed school is discussed later in this report.

## 3 Road Safety

3.1 IACC has provided personal injury accident data for the roads within the study area agreed to include the last five complete years 2009-2014. The results indicate that only two personal injury accidents have been recorded in that time with none having been reported since 2011. The following diagram shows were accidents were the two recorded occurred.



Location of Reported Personal Injury Accidents 2009-2014

3.2 The accident summaries confirm that the 2010 incident was a collision between two cars at the cross roads between Porth-y-Felin Road and New Park Road. The 2011 incident was at the junction of Plas Road and Pump Street and occurred when a motorist claimed to be dazzled by the sun and hence failed to see a pedestrian walking in the road where there is no footway provided.

- 3.3 The latter incident coincides with where the access reviews have raised a concern about pedestrian safety and thus serves to confirm that it is desirable to infill the gap in footway provision in this location.
- 3.4 It is perhaps noteworthy that no accidents have been reported in the immediate vicinity of the proposed school site where the roads are physically traffic-calmed.

### 4 Journeys to the Existing & Proposed Schools

- 4.1 It is understood that the existing schools contain pupil (including nursery) / staff ratios approximately as follows:-
  - Ysgol Llaingoch, 190 pupils / 20 staff
  - Ysgol Y Parc, 180 pupils / 26 staff
  - Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis, 140 pupils / 23 staff

### Non-Car Based Trips

- 4.2 The 'Guidelines for Providing for Journeys on Foot' (published by the IHT) paragraph 3.20 state "The level of pedestrian traffic can usually be estimated to acceptable levels of accuracy by observing comparable existing developments". With this in mind and also in order to record the number of children being ferried to and from school by car, surveys were carried out at each of the existing schools in May 2012 from 08:00 to 09:30 and 14:30 to 16:00 hours. The surveys were carried out by a specialist company and observed vehicle and pedestrian activity at each school on the survey day as shown in Table 4.1.
- 4.3 The heads of each school were consulted in advance to confirm where observations should be made and at Ysgol Llaingoch the survey was at the main entrance on South Stack Road, at Ysgol Y Parc at Maes Y Haf and Cambrian Street and at Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis at the main school access off Treseifion Road. It was subsequently learned that there are two gated pedestrian links from Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis to the housing areas to the south and east that are unlocked at the start and end of the day and that are well used. The count at that school did not therefore include use of those gates and as a consequence the number of pedestrian arrivals recorded via the main access is much lower than the total number of pupils.

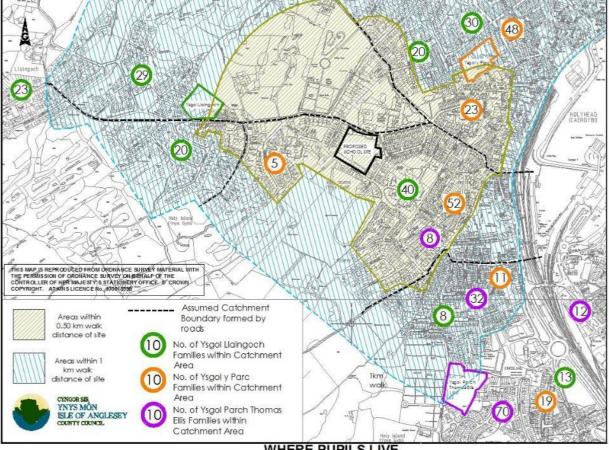
Time Period	Ysgol Llaingoch	Ysgol Y Parc	Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis	Combined Total
08:00-09:30	132 pedestrian arrivals 47 cars drop off children	206 pedestrian arrivals 9 cars drop off children	77* pedestrian arrivals 17 cars drop off children	415 pedestrians in 73 cars drop off children
14:30-16:00	131 pedestrians depart 27 cars pick up children	202 pedestrians depart 13 cars pick up children		390 pedestrians depart 45 cars pick up children

Table 4.1 – Observed Trips at Start & End of School Day

\*Survey at Parch Thomas Ellis was conducted at Treseifion Road – pedestrian trips from rear of school are not included.

4.4 The pedestrian movements shown in Table 4.1 include any staff movements that were made on foot and children using scoots, but the adults that accompanied children have been excluded. The vehicle movements do not include staff car movements to/from the car parks and so represent only cars that were observed ferrying children to or from school. In total, the summary outlined at paragraph 4.1 suggests that in total around 510 pupils and 69 staff arrive / depart each day and so the survey results would thereby indicate that on the surveyed day around 72% of all staff/pupil journeys to the existing schools in the morning were made on-foot. Removal of the 69 staff would also suggest that around 14% of children are travelling by car. In the afternoon, around 67% of departures were on foot and around 9% of children were collected by car.

- 4.5 The weather was dry on the survey day and so it is feasible that the number of walking trips recorded was at a higher level than might occur on a very wet day. In order to provide a cross-check, IACC has provided the results of travel mode surveys conducted at each school as part of the Sustrans 'Bike It' initiative. The data at two schools is from June 2014 and was collected by the schools by means of a 'hands up' survey as to how children had travelled to school on that day. Expressed as a combined average for the three schools, pupil trips comprised 50% on-foot, 16% cycling, 8% scoots/skateboard, 25% by car and the remaining 1% by bus/train.
- 4.6 It can be seen that the observational travel mode surveys outlined at Table 4.1 recorded the highest use of cars at Ysgol Llaingoch where approximately 25% of pupils appeared to have been dropped off in the morning. This was also the case with the Sustrans 'hands-up' survey as, looking at the schools individually, 16% of Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis pupils indicated that they travel by car, 10% at Ysgol Y Parc, but 48% at Ysgol Llaingoch.
- 4.7 The Sustrans data suggests that cycle use by children is increasing and IACC and the 'Bike It' officer are continuing to work with the schools in this regard. The outline School Travel Plan appended to this report recommends that further, more detailed, travel mode surveys be undertaken at each of the existing schools to help shape sustainable travel habits, however, the data collected thus far is encouraging in that indicates that the majority of trips are being made by non-car modes.
- 4.8 The Welsh Government 'Walking & Cycling Strategy for Wales' indicates that for the year 2000 the overall pattern of school journeys in Wales was divided 25% by car, 30% by bus and 45% on-foot. The pattern recorded at the existing schools was broadly similar in terms of car use; with the usual proportion of bus being basically substituted by walking trips.
- 4.9 The following diagram provides a schematic representation of the general area where families with children attending each of the existing schools lived at the time that the travel surveys were conducted and illustrates why walking represents the preferred mode of travel to school. In this plan the main roads between each area have been assumed to represent a simple catchment boundary.



WHERE PUPILS LIVE

- 4.10 It can be seen that Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol y Parc draw pupils from a widespread catchment and also have the most pupils already living in the area surrounding the proposed site. In contrast, the distribution of families with children attending Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis is more concentrated to the southeast in the housing areas around that school.
- 4.11 The majority (about 60%) of those attending Ysgol Llaingoch are shown to live to the east of the proposed site and therefore would have a <u>shorter</u> journey to the new school when compared to travelling to Ysgol Llaingoch. This fact might therefore assist in reducing the level of car use that it seems is currently made by families with children attending that school.
- 4.12 A similar situation applies to many of the families with children attending Ysgol Y Parc as around half of attendees of that school live in the areas south and east of the proposed site and so again, for these, a shorter journey could result to the proposed site in comparison to travelling to their existing school.
- 4.13 In general, a modest increase in journey length seems likely for around 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of families with pupils currently attending Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc. In contrast however it seems likely that around 2/3<sup>rds</sup> of families with children currently attending Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis will experience an increased journey length in transferring to the new school site.
- 4.14 As was highlighted above, the surveys would suggest that currently the majority of existing school journeys are made on-foot. A key factor in encouraging walking trips is the distance that has to be covered to reach a destination. Table 3.3 of the 'Guidelines for Providing for Journeys on Foot' (published by the IHT) suggests 'acceptable walking distances' for pedestrians without a mobility impairment and for schools suggest 500m as 'desirable' 1000m as 'acceptable' and 2000m as the 'preferred maximum' (walking distance).
- 4.15 The above diagram shows walking distances from the proposed site (the approximate boundary of these distances has been established my measuring along the road network from the proposed site). From this it can be seen that around 32% of all pupils that would attend the proposed school could live within 500m walking distance of the site, 43% within 1km walking distance and the remainder (24%) in excess of 1 km but in all but a few cases within the preferred maximum 2km walking distance.
- 4.16 As noted above, it can be seen that the main increase in the number of families that fall within the 'greater than 1km' walking distance applies to those with children that currently attend Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis. It should be noted that whilst some families associated with the other two schools are also shown in the 'over 1km' walking zone these will currently be travelling a greater distance to the their existing school when compared to the proposed site and thus would experience a reduction in walking distance in the future under the relocation proposals.
- 4.17 Measurement from Ordnance Survey mapping has been made to estimate the increase in walking distance that would apply to families that would pass their old school en-route to the new school. Ysgol Llaingoch is around 500m (0.3 of a mile) to the east of the proposed site, Ysgol y Parc around 600m (0.37) miles to the northeast and Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis around 1 kilometre (0.70) miles to the southeast.
- 4.18 Overall however it can be discerned that the majority of pupils likely to attend the proposed school would live within what is generally accepted to be an acceptable walking distance and consequently there is no obvious basis to conclude that a significant shift in travel mode would be required as a consequence of the new school scheme, and particularly in relation to families with children currently attending Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc. Whilst an increase in walking distance will be required for some, it seems reasonable to conclude that walking should remain the primary travel mode to the proposed site.
- 4.19 A crucial factor in this will be ensuring that pedestrian access to the new school site is adequate and that potential barriers that could discourage journeys on foot are addressed. The roads around the proposed site are already traffic calmed and include raised zebra crossings and it has been confirmed

that IACC has installed new footways in the surrounding areas in the recent past, to infill gaps in provision as best as possible.

- 4.20 Notwithstanding the improvements already made, the latest access review has identified areas where alterations could be made which would enhance pedestrian facilities and would also improve conditions for cyclists. These are:
  - 1) The junction of Garreglwyd Road and South Stack Road to provide improved crossing facilities and impose further traffic-calming,
  - 2) The junction between South Stack Road and Porth y Felin to provide improved crossing facilities and impose further traffic-calming,
  - 3) Replacement of the existing footpath steps between 'Plas Hyfryd Terrace' and 'Plas Road' with a ramp in order to facilitate access for all users (e.g. those with pushchairs)
  - 4) At various locations where existing crossing points can be improved by minor works, such as reducing the height of dropped kerbs or replacing road gully covers etc.
- 4.21 It has been highlighted that in addition to an increased length of journey on foot to the proposed site, pedestrians from the southeast could experience a short gap (circa 30m) in footway provision at the junction of Pump Street and Plas Road and, as a consequence, pedestrians using this route walk in the roadway close to where the road passes through a ninety-degree bend. This is clearly not desirable and especially when parents could also be pushing a buggy or when children are walking unaccompanied. The accident data included one incident when a pedestrian at this location was struck by a car.
- 4.22 There is insufficient highway land available to provide a footway at this location; however, as noted earlier in this report, there is an existing pedestrian route from Plas Hyfryd Terrace to Plas Road that avoids the area of concern but which might not be used by all pedestrians because it involves negotiating a number of steps. It is therefore not ideal for anyone that has mobility difficulties or is pushing a child in a pushchair etc. For this reason it is recommended that, as part of the TIS, IACC should investigate the viability of replacing the steps with zigzag ramps (item 3 above) or some other means to make the pathway more pedestrian friendly. It is further recommended that IACC should provide signs to confirm this path as the route that pedestrians should use in preference to the roads. There is land around the steps which might enable improvements to be made and IACC is in the process of checking ownership details. If the land is available (or can be obtained) then removal of the steps would be beneficial in facilitating safer journeys on foot to and from the new school site for families living to the south of Plas Road (in addition it would clearly also improve access for all other pedestrians).
- 4.23 As a minimum measure, it is recommended that the Highway Authority should consider the merits of installing 'Pedestrians In Road' signs (TSRGD Diagram 544.1) on each approach to where the footway is lacking in order to provide advanced warning to motorists.
- 4.24 The Active Travel (Wales) Act 2013 identifies Holyhead as an urban settlement to which the requirements of the Act apply. This recent legislation *"requires local authorities in Wales to produce active travel maps and deliver year on year improvements in active travel routes and facilities."*
- 4.25 The Act confirms that "the basic requirement for an active travel route is that it is reasonably safe, comfortable, continuous and direct, and that it enables people to access services and facilities by walking or cycling. The primary purpose of the existing routes maps is to communicate to the public where routes are suitable for active travel. The maps are intended to give pedestrians and cyclists the information they require in order to make a decision about how and where to travel" so that active travellers can make a decision which route is best for them. IACC will thereby be producing active travel maps and establishing routes at Holyhead and as part of this it is probable that the walking and cycling infrastructure serving the proposed school should improve yet further over time.

#### Traffic Movements Associated with the Proposed School

- 4.26 If the pattern recorded in the surveys at the existing schools, as provided at Table 4.1, was maintained at the new school it would suggest that around 70 parents/guardians could drop children off at school by car in the morning and around 45 would collect children by car at the end of the day. If the post code distribution of pupils living more than 500m from the site is used as a guide it would suggest that 22% of car movements could be via South Stack Road west, 33% via South Stack Road east and around 45% via routes to the southeast culminating at Garreglwyd Road. A straightforward application of those proportions to the proposed site would thereby predict 39 arriving via South Stack Road and 31 via Garreglwyd Road in the morning and around 25 via South Stack Road and 14 via Garreglwyd Road in the afternoon. Over half of that total were currently associated with Ysgol Llaingoch and the cars associated with the majority of those trips will already passing through the area around the proposed school and so would not represent 'new' trips.
- 4.27 The design of the proposed school includes an off-site car park to accommodate parent/guardian drop off and collection trips so that it will not be necessary for these to park on the roads surrounding the school site. The car park will include a direct footway link to the school and will involve only a very short walk (around 70m). A lay-by containing 6 parking bays will also be provided directly adjacent to the school off Garreglwyd Road to cater for those with mobility difficulties.
- 4.28 In managing access to the school parents using cars to drop off and collect children will therefore be requested to use the off-site parking area so as not to cause nuisance on the surrounding roads. To further assist, it is recommended that new parking prohibitions (double yellow lines) should be installed on South Stack Road to each side of the junctions to Maes Cybi and New Park Road, as currently parking is permissible here but is not desirable as it could affect visibility for drivers leaving the side roads. The removal of currently permissible parking areas close to the school should also encourage use of the provided car park facilities
- 4.29 IACC will need to monitor if parents are using the provided parking facilities during the early life of the school in order to ensure no off-site parking issues develop. One key element to shaping travel habits will be the implementation of a bespoke school travel plan (STP) for the new school which will include parent/guardian input. Further details are provided at Section 6 of this report.

#### Staff Journeys

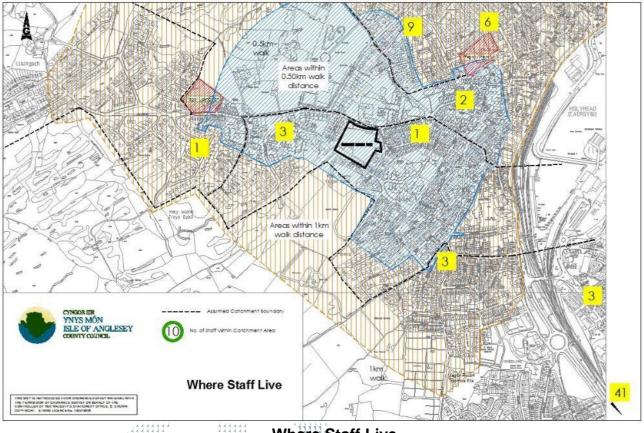
4.30 In addition to the off-site observational surveys, a travel mode survey was completed by each school in order to establish how staff usually travel to work. The responses, as provided by the schools, are shown in Table 4.2 below. It seems probable that car use by staff from Ysgol Y Parc may be overstated slightly as 6 members of staff indicated that they use a car for work, when in fact they live within 200m of the school. It is possible therefore that the indication that they use a car is in fact an error.

4	Ysgol Llaingoch	Ysgol Y Parc	Ysgol Parch Thomas Ellis	Combined Total
	9 staff travel by car 2 lift share via car 9 walk to work	17 staff travel by car 9 walk to work	23 staff travel by car (no further details provided)	49 staff travel by car 2 lift share via car 18 walk to work

Table 4.2 – School Responses to Staff Travel Mode Survey

- 4.31 Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Y Parc provided post codes for where staff lived, however Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis simply responded that *"most staff are living outside Holyhead and have to travel by car"*.
- 4.32 The following plan shows where staff currently live and provides an indication of how many would be likely to travel by car or could walk/cycle to the new school.
- 4.33 Based upon the responses provided, it can be seen that 25 of the existing staff live within an acceptable walking distance of the site and 3 live in Holyhead to the east of the A55. One of the latter reported

that they occasionally cycle to work and hence that could be an option for the 3 staff living in that area (instead of travelling by car). 41 staff were reported as living south of Holyhead and would thereby be the most likely to regularly travel by car (as noted that 41 figure assumes inclusion of all current Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis staff for which post codes were not provided – the total might therefore be an overestimate).



Where Staff Live

- 4.34 It is understood that up to around 40 staff may work at the new school and using the existing travel mode ratio as a guide this would suggest that around 74% of staff trips to and from the site each day would be made by car, equating to 30 inbound trips AM / outbound PM (assuming no car sharing).
- 4.35 Based upon the distribution of existing staff it seems probable that the majority of staff car movements would be made via Holborn Road, Pump Street and Mill Bank to Garreglwyd Road. It should be noted that the survey at Llaingoch recorded 11 staff car movements entering the school in the morning from the east and the post code data provided indicates that 10 of those journeys are from areas served by the A55 south. On that basis it is likely that these trips are already using the above roads when travelling to / from Ysgol Llaingoch and hence will represent existing as opposed to 'new' trips to the area.
- 4.36 Obviously there will be small reductions in staff car movements on the roads serving the existing schools and as the staff are already using the roads in the area none of the car trips will in fact be new to the network, but instead will be diverted via different roads to the new school site. On the basis of the available data, and ignoring the fact that the number of staff using cars as surveyed might be overestimated, a broad potential worst case assessment would suggest that the relocation proposal could add 19 car movements to the roads listed between the hours of 08:00-09:00 each school day.
- 4.37 Staff departures at the end of the school day tend to be more spread out as some staff stay behind for after school activities or for staff meetings and the like and, as a consequence, the departure vehicle movements might not be concentrated into a single hour.

#### 5 Site Access & Car Parking Proposals

#### Access

- 5.1 Pedestrian and cyclist access will be provided to the site from South Stack Road, Garreglwyd Road and Seiriol Street / Vulcan Street. The routes to the north will connect to the existing footway which in turn includes a connection to the existing raised zebra crossing on South Stack Road. The crossing arrangement includes the provision of guard-railings to each side to channel pedestrians to the crossing point which would deter drop off / pick up car activity in the area to each side of the crossing and also provide a restraint mechanism for children exiting the school site.
- 5.2 The detailed design of the internal layout of the school is not yet finalised; however, IACC has confirmed that the design brief will include for the provision of cycle links to the on-site cycle parking facilities which will be provided in accord with IACC standard requirements.
- 5.3 Vehicular access to the school site is shown on the application drawings prepared by IACC and comprises a modification of the previously used vehicle access off Garreglwyd Road. In order to increase visibility along Garreglwyd Road for drivers exiting the school access the stone boundary on the northwest side will be in part relocated. A photograph of the existing wall arrangement and visibility is provided below.



Photograph 12 – View to the right from existing school access

- 5.4 The wall to the left at exit from the school access will be completely removed in order to provide a disabled users parking lay-by and hence visibility to the left at exit should also be improved, albeit that cars using the lay-by could pose a temporary obstruction.
- 5.5 The amount of visibility afforded in both directions does not need to be excessive given that Garreglwyd Road is traffic-calmed and measured speeds were low; however, as a secondary measure the TIS will recommend reducing the permissible speed limit to 20 miles-per-hour past the school (See Section 6).



Photograph 13 – View to the left from existing school access.

# **Car Parking**

- 5.6 The vehicle access off Garreglwyd Road will serve a small on-site car park containing 30 spaces with 20 being designated for staff and 10 for visitors. The on-site car park will contain 3 disabled user parking bays immediately next to the school for those (including pupils) with mobility problems. In addition, a lay-by providing 6 disabled parking bays will also be provided directly adjacent to the school site off Garreglwyd Road to cater for the needs of families with adults that have mobility difficulties and for whom use of a car to take children to and from school is a necessity. Provision of the lay-by for this purpose is intended to reduce the number of cars that might otherwise enter the main site.
- 5.7 TAN 18 states an objective of school design should be "*restricting car access around schools*" and so the proposals aim to comply with that objective by locating the main car park remote from the school site. Consequently a separate stand-alone car park will be constructed on land to the south of Garreglwyd Road adjacent to the existing sports club / weight-lifting club. The existing access to the sports club would be modified to serve both facilities.
- 5.8 The preliminary layout for the separate car park shows it to contain 53 spaces, with approximately 10 being required for staff vehicles and the remainder being available for use by parents/guardians when taking children to/from school or for occasions such as school events.
- 5.9 The car park layout suggested incorporates a one-way system to minimise reversing manoeuvres and in order to simplify vehicle movements. A peripheral footway is provided around the car park to reduce the requirement for pedestrians to share space with motor vehicles and a raised pedestrian crossing would be provided at the entry point to the car park to assist pedestrian movements and to act as a traffic-calming feature. A footway would be provided between the car park and the existing raised 'Zebra' crossing on Garreglwyd Road with the existing footway and boundary fencing in the vicinity of crossing modified as required to provide sufficient room.
- 5.10 The car park would be gated and hence would be locked outside of the hours when it was used by the school. The proposals include for the provision of lighting and a CCTV camera at the car park to enhance safety and these would also be switched off when the car park was not in use.

#### Facilities for Dropping off and Collecting Children by Car

- 5.11 As outlined previously, the survey at the existing schools recorded a combined total of approximately 70 cars dropping off children in the morning over the 1½ hour period 08:00 to 09:30.
- 5.12 Review of the survey undertaken at Llaingoch, where most car trips occurred, reveals that from 8am onward around 6 cars per quarter hour period dropped off children over the first 45 minutes culminating with 19 cars dropping off children in the last 15 minute prior to 9 o'clock. A similar but lower level of vehicle activity occurred at the other two schools. The busiest period for dropping off children was therefore the 15 minutes between 08:45 and 09:00 during which time 33 cars were involved in dropping off children at the three schools combined. If that level of activity was to transfer to the new school it would represent around 2 vehicles per minute, assuming an even spread of arrivals, or a worst-case scenario of needing to accommodate 33 cars for a short time. The off-site car park will provide around 43 non-staff spaces, and so would cater for more than this number.
- 5.13 Parents and guardians collecting children from a school in the afternoon commonly park up for a longer time period whilst waiting for their children to leave school. The survey at the existing schools recorded 45 cars *in total* collecting children over a 1½ hour period with around half that total occurring between 15:00 and 16:00 hours. It can be discerned that the proposed off-site car park should again adequately cater for demand without the need for parking on roads around the school site.
- 5.14 The zigzag road markings associated with the raised 'Zebra' crossing on South Stack Road mean that parking over much of the area to the north of the school is not permissible and further parking restrictions are proposed. In tandem these measures should encourage use of the off-site car park for those dropping off or collecting children.
- 5.15 A school travel plan will be developed which will explore ways of promoting sustainable travel habits and minimising car use for taking children to and from the new school and hence the over-provision of car parking would be contrary to that objective. The size of the off-site car park has therefore been initially based upon the anticipated current demands as described and has not been dictated by land availability as more land is available to provide a larger off-site car park if required. Overall it is intended that the school car parking provisions should negate the need for errant parking on the roads around the new school.

# School Coach Drop Off / Collection Point

- 5.16 The design proposals do not include an on-site coach drop off / collection point and hence for the occasions when a coach is required (for example school trips) a suitable drop off / collection point on the public highway would be utilised. A review of the area indicates that a potentially suitable location exists nearby on the north side of South Stack Road, to the immediate northwest of the school site (shown dashed on the left in the following photograph / indicated on plan below).
- 5.17 The road here is wider than is provided immediately adjacent to the school and whilst a similar situation applies to the south side of the road (the school side) a coach parked there would impede visibility for drivers exiting the north junction of Maes Cybi. That problem is therefore negated if the coach was instead parked on the north side of the road.
- 5.18 Access to and from the area can be safely achieved as accompanied children could cross South Stack Road via the existing raised 'Zebra' crossing.



Service Vehicles

5.19 The on-site car park area will also facilitate the occasional access needs of service vehicles and the school bin store will be located in this area. The layout and dimensions of the car park will enable service vehicles to turn around as shown in the illustration below.



# 6 Transport Implementation Strategy (TIS)

- 6.1 TAN 18 states that a scheme TA should include a Transport Implementation Strategy (TIS) and this section of the report describes the measures that it is considered should be implemented in order to better facilitate access to the school site and particularly with regard to non-motorised modes.
- 6.2 Illustrative drawings of some of the physical works suggested are provided at Appendix A of this report and Figure A1 provides an overview of the location of the measures which are now described in more detail.

#### South Stack Road

6.3 IACC currently operates a school crossing patrol arrangement with flashing beacon signs on South Stack Road to the east of Ysgol Llaingoch (near to the junction with Gors Avenue) as shown below. Crossing movements may still occur in this location in the future en-route to / from the proposed school site and thus, as part of the TIS, it is suggested that the crossing patrol and associated warning lights should continue to be deployed post opening of the new school (TIS Key Plan Item 1).



Photograph 14 - Existing Crossing Patrol on South Stack Road

6.4 In order to compliment the traffic-calming arrangements already in place, and to reinforce the need for speed restraint in the vicinity of schools, it is recommended that a 20 miles-per-hour speed limit could be imposed on South Stack Road from the junction with New Park Road eastwards past the High School / proposed junior school sites to as far as the junction with Porth-Y-Felin Road. IACC could consider if the reduced speed limit should apply only during school hours or at all times (TIS Key Plan Item 11).

#### Junction with Garreglwyd Road

6.5 Garreglwyd Road is already traffic calmed and consequently traffic speeds are low which in turn should lead to a safer environment for cyclists and pedestrians, and a new footway has recently been added to the north of this road. However the footway crossing facilities at the junction with South Stack Road would benefit from improvement as the following issues have been identified:

- Two side roads connect in close proximity to South Stack Road and the mouths of the side road junctions are wide (two cars can simultaneously use the exit from Garreglwyd Road).
- There is no footway along the southwest side of Garreglwyd Road or south side of the junction to Garreglwyd Park.
- Visibility to the left for drivers leaving Garreglwyd Road is limited.
- When heading between Garreglwyd Road and South Stack Road west, pedestrians were observed to cross the side road obliquely and hence they are in the road for several seconds and are not readily visible to drivers turning from the main road.
- There are no dropped kerbs or tactile paving slabs provided.



Photograph 15 - Existing Layout South Stack Road / Garreglwyd Road Junction

- 6.6 Figure A2 shows proposed alterations to this junction in order to improve pedestrian accessibility that includes reducing the carriageway area which could also improve matters for cyclists. The provision of a central crossing refuge-island for pedestrians is included (which will also act as a traffic-calming feature) along with a new length of footway and a crossing point to the south of Garreglwyd Park.
- 6.7 Dropped kerb crossings with tactile paving slabs would be provided to facilitate crossing movements in all directions.
- 6.8 The altered layout would improve pedestrian movements east/west along South Stack Road (i.e. to/from the main school access for those on foot) as well as to and from Garreglwyd Road. Whilst the improvements are primarily aimed at improving access to the school they would of course be of benefit to cyclists and pedestrians in general (TIS Key Plan Item 2).
- 6.9 As a complimentary measure, whilst the traffic survey did not highlight a speeding issue, it is suggested that the length of Garreglwyd Road from the south side of the junction to Garreglwyd Park to Mill Bank (i.e. past the school site) should subject to a 20 miles-per-hour speed limit instead of the 30mph limit currently applicable (this accords with Welsh Government recommendations for speed limits past schools).

#### South Stack Road / Porth y Felin Junction

- 6.10 A view of the existing layout is provided below. The issues identified at this junction include:
  - Lack of dropped kerb crossings for pedestrian movements to/from Cambria Street.
  - Very narrow footway on the southeast corner of the above road (in front of the pub).
  - Give-way line markings to South Stack Road are set back thus reducing visibility to the right for drivers from the side road.
  - Large junction radii (especially from town side) do not impose speed restrain on turning vehicles..
  - Very wide side road mouth includes double give-way markings at South Stack Road exit side with potential blocking of visibility by one vehicle to another.



Photograph 16 - View of Porth-Y-Felin Road Junction from within South Stack Road

- 6.11 Alterations could be implemented as shown at Figure A3 in order to mitigate these issues. By reducing the width of the side road junction mouth (South Stack Road arm) it would be possible to provide wider footways to each side and pedestrian crossing points to each side of Cambria Street. The tighter corner radii would still accommodate all classes of vehicle but would help to constrain side road entry speeds to the benefit of pedestrians and cyclists (vehicles speeds on South Stack Road are also constrained by road humps).
- 6.12 As the existing pedestrian crossings on Porth-Y-Felin Road to the north are of a raised type it would be also be feasible to make one of the new crossings of that road at the revised junction raised to further constrain vehicle speeds.
- 6.13 Finally, the realigned side road layout would bring the give-way line forward slightly when compared with the existing arrangement and so would increase driver visibility to the right at exit from South Stack Road (TIS Key Plan Item 5)

#### Parking near to Existing Junctions

- 6.14 Whilst there are parking restrictions in place within New Park Road off South Stack Road there is currently no formal restriction to prevent parking on South Stack Road in the vicinity of the New Park Road and Maes Cybi junctions.
- 6.15 The opening of a new school nearby raises the potential that some people could choose to park in these areas which would not be desirable as it would restrict visibility to/from the side roads. It is therefore recommended that parking be prohibited between the junctions and over the wider road length to the east of Maes Cybi (TIS Key Plan Item 3).

#### Footway Crossing of Maes Cybi and Seiriol Street

6.16 Whilst there are dropped kerbs to assist pedestrian crossings of Maes Cybi north the existing arrangement has a road gully located to each side of the road in line with where pedestrians cross. The bars of the gully gratings are also perpendicular to the footway and have wide gaps between. The gullies thereby pose a potential trip hazard and perhaps especially for children. In addition the gully locations suggest that surface water can will be present at the crossing points which could lead to icy conditions in the winter.



Photograph 17 - Drainage Gully in Line with Crossing at Maes Cybi (north)

- 6.17 Use of this crossing point will increase as a consequence of the new school proposals and so it is recommended that the drainage gullies should be relocated to the high (level) side of the footway crossings to intercept water prior to it reaching the crossing location and in order to reduce the potential for trips occurring.
- 6.18 As part of the works it would also be worthwhile checking if the dropped kerb face height is acceptable and if tactile paving slabs should be installed at the crossing (TIS Key Plan Item 4).
- 6.19 There are no dropped kerbs or tactile paving slabs currently provided to assist in crossing the north junction of Seiriol Street. The new school will increase crossing movements over this side road and hence IACC should review if facilities are required to assist pedestrians.

6.20 A general review of the suitability of other crossing locations is also required. For example there are no dropped kerbs provided to assist pedestrians at Bryn Gwyn Road (TIS Key Plan Item 8).

#### Lack of Footway - Plas Road to Plas Hyfryd Terrace

6.21 There is currently a short gap in footway provision on Plas Road to the west of its junction with Plashyfryd Terrace, as shown in the following photograph, and as a consequence pedestrians here share road space with motor vehicles. This is clearly not ideal from a safety perspective.

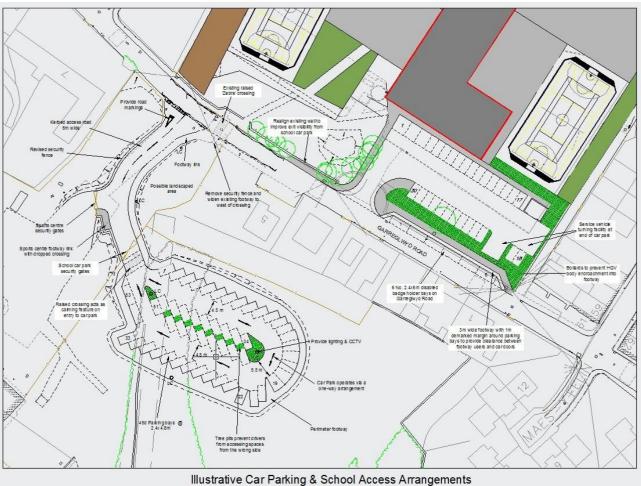


Photograph 18 – Gap in Footway Provision at Plas Road

- 6.22 Pedestrian access from the southeast can be gained to / from Plas Road / Pump Street via a footpath and steps that link Plas Road to Plashyfryd Terrace. Whilst the current route is adequate for able bodied pedestrians, the inclusion of steps along the footpath mean that it is not suitable for use by those with mobility problems or anyone pushing a baby buggy or similar. It would therefore assist in providing better pedestrian access to and from the areas around Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis if this problem could be addressed.
- 6.23 A lack of road space / highway land in the area shown above means that it is not possible to simply install a footway and consequently, as can be seen in the photograph, the new footway recently added to the area ends via a taper to the adjacent boundary wall at this location. In order to address the problem it is suggested that IACC should investigate the following possible measures:
  - Could a ramp could be installed in place of the existing steps on the route between Plas Road / Plas Hyfryd Terrace? A cursory examination suggests that surplus land might be available to achieve this objective however it is acknowledged that works would be subject to IACC being in control of the required land.
  - 2) If the above is not feasible, review if the path be modified to reduce the number of steps, for example by the addition of landings along the existing route.
- 6.24 In the meantime it would assist if illuminated warning signs to Diagram 544.1 "*Pedestrians in road ahead*" were installed to either side of the existing gap in provision in order to better forewarn drivers to take extra care.
- 6.25 Should it transpire that the footpath steps cannot be eliminated or improved, then IACC should give consideration to providing a school crossing patrol officer or other formal arrangement at the start and end of the school day to oversee pedestrian movements over the area where a footway is lacking on Plas Road (TIS items 9 and 10).

#### Off-site Car Park with Footway Link

6.26 It has been described that the scheme proposals include for providing an off-site car park to deter parking on the roads around the school. An illustrative arrangement is provided below; however the final detailed design is yet to be determined (TIS Key Plan item 6).

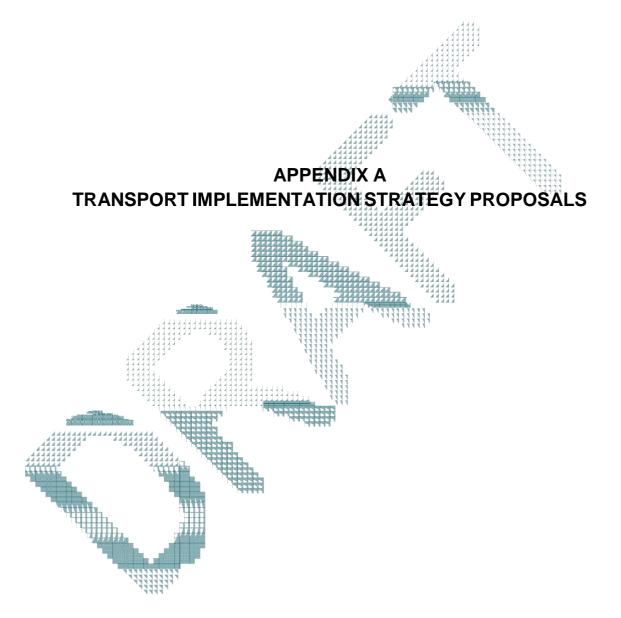


- 6.27 A fundamental element of the TIS will be encouraging sustainable travel habits by both staff and pupils at the new school (TIS Key Plan Item 12).
- 6.28 The design of the proposed school takes account of sustainable travel requirements by improving access on-foot from the surrounding area thus placing the emphasis on non-car based travel modes. The majority of car parking provision is made away from the school site so as to minimize car activity on the school site as recommended in TAN 18.
- 6.29 **'Smarter Choices Wales'** states that "School travel is high on the Government agenda because too many children are being driven to school unnecessarily. There are also concerns over child obesity."
- 6.30 Rather than await the formation of the new school prior to implementing an STP, IACC has confirmed that each of the existing schools will be helped to establish a travel plan in the coming months so that STP principles are understood and operational ahead of the relocation date. The pre-move STPs will include proposals for travelling to the new school with the objective that sustainable travel habits can be implemented from 'day-one' of the new school opening.
- 6.31 This report contains an outline school travel plan (STP) at Appendix B with a view to informing the planning process applicable to the new school project.

# 7 Conclusions

- 7.1 This report has reviewed transport issues relating to proposals to relocate three existing junior schools to a single location at the site of a former school off South Stack Road in Holyhead. The site lies opposite to Holyhead High School.
- 7.2 The proposed school would be roughly centrally located in relation to the existing schools and consequently a proportion of journeys to and from the existing schools will already be being made past the proposed site. The data provided by IACC suggests that the majority of families that have children attending the existing schools live comparatively close-by to the proposed school site and for a good proportion of them a similar or even reduced journey length would be required to the proposed site when compared to their current school. Families living to the southeast of the proposed site with children currently attending Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis are likely to experience the biggest increase in journey distance to the new school but even in this case most would still live within the 'preferred maximum' walking distance of the proposed school, as outlined in guidance published by the IHT.
- 7.3 On this basis and providing sustainable travel proposals are developed and established at the existing schools prior to the new school opening, there is nothing to suggest that a significant shift in travel mode should result as a consequence of the relocation proposals.

- 7.4 A key factor in minimising car use to the new school will be ensuring that pedestrian access to it is adequate and that potential barriers that could discourage journeys on foot are addressed. The roads around the proposed site are already traffic calmed and include raised zebra crossings.
- 7.5 Due to the historic nature of the area, the standard of the roads and footways in Holyhead varies. IACC has installed new footways in the surrounding areas in the recent past, to infill gaps in provision and improve accessibility on-foot to the proposed site. Further enhancements are proposed as part of the scheme development, including to the southeast in order to assist the families from that area. It is not claimed that the resulting infrastructure could then be described as being perfect in every way; however, active travel to and from the site will be viable. The Active Travel (Wales) Act 2013 confirms that "the basic requirement for an active travel route is that it is reasonably safe, comfortable, continuous and direct, and that it enables people to access services and facilities by walking or cycling."
- 7.6 Surveys on roads closest to the proposed site indicate that they carry modest amounts of traffic and that where traffic-calming has been installed vehicle speeds are well within the existing speed limit. Notwithstanding this, the imposition of a 20 miles-per-hour speed limits around the proposed school is proposed as it would serve to strengthen this situation and would assist in providing a suitable environment for pedestrians and cyclists travelling to and from both the proposed (as well as the adjacent existing High School).
- 7.7 It is intended that parents & guardians will be encouraged to choose active travel modes for getting their children to and from the new school; however for those that have to use cars disabled parking facilities will be provided directly at the school and a separate (off-site) car park will be provided for able bodied users. Use of the car park will be stipulated in order to avoid errant parking on local roads and some parking restrictions are proposed to further encourage use of the provided facilities.
- 7.8 The main mechanism in shaping future travel habits will be the formulation of a school travel plan and IACC is already working with the existing schools in this regard. It is intended that staff and parent participation will be achieved so that an operational active travel strategy will be in place prior to the new school opening such that sustainable travel comprises part of the new school curriculum from day one.









Appendix 10

# CYNGOR SIR YNYS MÔN ISLE OF ANGLESEY COUNTY COUNCIL

Adran Dysgu Gydol Oes Lifelong Learning Department

# SITE OPTIONS APPRAISAL FOR A NEW PRIMARY SCHOOL IN HOLYHEAD

# Contents

- 1. Background
- 2. Shortlisted Sites
- 3. Non-Financial Options Criteria
- 4. Non-Financial Option Appraisal
- 5. Conclusions and preferred option

# Appendices

#### 1. BACKGROUND

The Authority completed an informal consultation in July 2012 with stakeholders in the Holyhead area on the proposed closure of three existing schools (Ysgol Llaingoch, Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis and Ysgol Y Parc). Based on the consultation responses it is intended to close these three schools and invest in a new area school within the combined catchment area.

This proposed new school in Holyhead forms part of the Authority's Strategic Outline Programme (SOP) which will lead to a reduction in the number of schools maintained by the Authority, allowing us to focus resources on remaining schools to provide an estate that *is 'modern, efficient and effective'* for the delivery of the modern curriculum.

The proposal will provide the opportunity to design a school which is fit for the 21st century. The intension is to develop a 2.5 form entry school with year groups in separate classrooms within the same vicinity and small breakout areas for each year group, close to the classrooms which will allow for small numbers of pupils to be taught away from mainstream classes, when appropriate. The new building will make the best use of modern technology, with wireless technology, interactive whiteboards, flexible learning spaces, appropriate outdoor learning areas, and a community space which will have access to technology.

The building will be a community asset, designed for community use, with its non-teaching spaces easily accessible. The Authority will be able to provide more spaces for breakfast clubs and out of hours homework clubs than are currently available, to help parents take up employment opportunities and provide learning facilities for pupils who may not have access to these in the home.

In a meeting of the Executive on 10th December 2012, it was requested that the school modernisation project team takes account of the following matters prior to going out to formal consultation, and report brought back to Executive members on the findings:-

- Land ownership at the three sites (three sites were initially under consideration).
- Affordability.
- Traffic management and road safety issues.
- The status of the new school and
- Issues surrounding the preservation order at the former Cybi school site at Holyhead.

# 2. Shortlisted Sites

Since December 2012 the school modernisation project teams have further investigated the construction of the new primary school and a total of 8 possible sites were identified for the proposed new school. These include the three existing schools (Ysgol Y Parc, Ysgol Llaingoch and Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis) and their playing fields.

# Option Site

- 1. Existing site of Ysgol Llaingoch with additional land for a new school
- 2. Park site (on corner of South Stack Road with New Park Road) with car park on phase 2 land
- 3. Site allocated for housing development with car park on phase 2 housing land
- 4. Park site (on corner of South Stack Road with New Park Road) with car park on phase 3 land
- 5. Millbank
- 6. Cybi site

Two further options have been eliminated as it is immediately apparent that the sites are not large enough to accommodate a school for the projected number of pupils and there's no available land to be acquired nearby:

- 7. Current site of Ysgol Y Parc
- 8. Current site of Ysgol Parchedig Thomas Ellis

# 2.1 Overview of Site Options

Site schematics to support this section are available to view in Appendix 1.

- Option 1: The existing site of Ysgol Llaingoch with additional land for a new school. The current school site is located off South Stack Road, on the outskirts of Holyhead. Additional land would be acquired to ensure sufficient space for the footprint of the new school.
- Option 2: Park site (on corner of South Stack Road with New Park Road) with the anticipated car park on phase 2 land owned privately by a construction company.
- Option3: A site allocated for housing development with car park on phase 2 of housing land.
- Option 4: Park site (on corner of South Stack Road with New Park Road) with car park on phase 2 land owned privately by a construction company.
- Option5: Millbank is a greenfield site. Access to the site is from Garreglwyd Road, Holyhead.

Option Cybi site - the site is situated opposite the Holyhead High
6: School. The Cybi block is located on this site. The façade of this building is Grade II listed and any new developments will have to be sympathetic to this.

# 3. Non-Financial Options Criteria

The criteria for assessing each option and soring matrix are detailed below. Within the scoring matrix, any sub-criteria are considered to have equal weighting.

a. **Planning Issues** – are there any national or local planning policy issues? any site specific planning issues? any preservation orders? level of flood risk?

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Insurmoun significant relation to at a nationat or preserva High risk of area.	t issues i either; pl al or loca ation orde	in anning al level, ers.	relation nationa preserv	n to eithe al or loca ation or flooding i	r; plannii I level, o ders. Me	ng at a r edium	relation plannin or local preserv	no issu to eithe g at a na level, or vation or k of flood a.	r; ational r ders.

b. Site Acquisition - land ownership, difficulty of acquiring land (title issues)

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Insurmour significant relation to l and acquiri	t issues and owr	in	•	to issue nership	s in rela	tion to	Low to relation owners acquirir	hip and	es in

c. **Site location** - access from the perspective of route and ease of getting to the location via various modes of transport (including walking, cycling, car, public transport), parking and disability access to the site itself

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Insurmoun significant relation to ease of get location, an access to t	t issues i the route tting to th nd disabi	in and ne llity	relation the rou to the lo	<b>moder</b> to issue te and ea ocation, a to the si	s in rela ase of ge and disa	tion to etting	relation and eas the loca	no issue to the rest se of get ation, and ty access elf	oute ting to d

d. **Site suitability** – size of the site is enough to accommodate the size of the proposed school (accommodating 525 pupils<sup>1</sup>) and has the potential for access to the appropriate associated facilities e.g. playing fields? Is the site flexible enough for future expansion?

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Insurmour significant relation to t site, access associated future poter expansion	issues i he size to appr facilities	in of the <sup>.</sup> opriate	relation the size approp	b moder to issue of the s riate ass s and fut ansion	s in rela ite, acce ociated	tion to ess to	relation the site approp facilities	no issu to the s , access riate ass s and fut al for exp	ize of to ociated ture

e. **Disruption** - to continuing with education during the construction period

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Insurmour significant prevent edu being delive	issues t ucation f	that will	relation	t educati	s that wi	ill	will pre	<b>no</b> issuv vent edu eing deliv	cation

f. **Proximity to other services and amenities** – *including shops, libraries, leisure centres, post box, cash machine, doctors surgery, pharmacy* 

2	5.5	9
All amenities over 500 metres from the site and no bus route to the amenities from near to the site	All amenities over 500 metres from the site and but has a bus route to the amenities from near to the site	2 or more amenities within 500 metres from the site

g. **Proximity to the Secondary** – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport,

2	5.5	9
0.4 of a mile or more	0.2 to 0.39 mile	Less than 0.2 of a mile

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on IoACC pupil projections up to 2018 for years groups reception to year 6 (Source: PLASC data)

h. **Utility services** – nearness of the site to public sewers, mains gas, electricity lines, mains water

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Insurmour significant prevent acc from the sit	t issues t cess to u	that will	•	<b>moder</b> a accessi			relation	no issue to acce from the	ssing

k. Contributing to the protection of the historical landscape – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?<sup>2</sup>

2	5.5	9
No historical implications	Historical implications and able to contribute partially	Historical implications and able to contribute fully

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> There is a strong case from Cadw's perspective for restoring listed buildings - for the benefit of the building, and also the wider area and community. Restoring these buildings will also remove them from the Local Authority's buildings at risk register.

- 4.Non-Financial Options Appraisal
- 4.1 Option 1: Existing site of Ysgol Llaingoch with additional land for a new school. (The current school site is located off South Stack Road, on the outskirts of Holyhead)

Criter	ia	Score
a)	Planning Issues	6
b)	Site Acquisition	5
c)	Site location	5
d)	Site suitability	6
e)	Disruption	6
f)	Proximity to other services and amenities	9
g)	<b>Proximity to the Secondary</b> – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport	5.5
h)	Utility services	7
i)	<b>Contributing to the protection of</b> <b>the historical landscape</b> – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?	2

# a) Planning issues

The existing school (Ysgol Llaingoch) is adjacent to this site and there is a Strong Likelihood of planning permission. However additional land for which planning permission has previously been refused would need to be acquired to give sufficient space for the footprint of the new school.

The site is within a primarily residential area. The principal planning consideration would be the impact of introduction of additional uses on the surrounding area – primarily the noise and disturbance with additional activities.

# b) Site Acquisition – land ownership, difficulty of acquiring

The existing site of Ysgol Llaingoch is owned by the Council. The land required for the car park is also owned by the Council. Additional land for which planning permission has previously been refused would need to be acquired to give sufficient space for the footprint of the new school. The cost is estimated to be £350,000.

# c) Site Location – Access from the perspective of route and ease of getting to the locations via various modes of transport and disability access to the site itself.

This site is a current school site and is located on the *outskirts* of Holyhead. The current school site is located off South Stack Road and it is likely that access to the new school would be via the current entrance to Ysgol Llaingoch, which will need to be improved. Existing footpaths would need to be re-directed to the proposed new school. A formal 'drop-off' point would need to be designated. However traffic experts have expressed their concern about introducing drop off points on the main route into Llaingoch as the traffic for the drop off point is anticipated to be too heavy and could increase the number of parked vehicles on this route into Llaingoch, which is already perceived as a dangerous route by the local community. Using the nearby housing estate as an alternative route to the site is also deemed unsuitable.

#### d) Site suitability

The site would be able to accommodate a school for 525 pupils upon acquiring an additional field (to give sufficient space for the footprint of the new school). It is unlikely there would be any room for future expansion.

# e) Disruption and Security

Construction of this new school would not interfere with the use of the school playing fields and these would be available during the construction period. However, the proposed building site would border on the site of Ysgol Llaingoch and if Option 1 was the preferred option, security around the construction site would have to be very tight. Construction traffic would have to get to the proposed site via the proposed site for housing development as the site does not have frontage with the road.

# f) Proximity to other services and amenities (BREEAM)

A local shop and post box within 500m.

**g) Proximity to the Secondary** – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport

0.3 miles

# h) Utility Services

The service connections to the public sewer, mains water and electricity lines already serve Ysgol Llaingoch and the utility lines would need to be extended. As the site is lower that the road, drainage could be a problem.

i) Contributing to the protection of the historical landscape – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?

No

4.2 Option 2 - Park site (on corner of South Stack Road with New Park Road) with car park on phase 2 land

Criter	ia	Score
a)	Planning Issues	5
b)	Site Acquisition	4
c)	Site location	7
d)	Site suitability	8
e)	Disruption	10
f)	Proximity to other services and amenities	9
g)	<b>Proximity to the Secondary</b> – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport	5.5
h)	Utility services	6
i)	<b>Contributing to the protection of</b> <b>the historical landscape</b> – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?	2

# a) Planning Issues

This option would involve locating the school on the park site where the bowling greens and tennis courts are currently located It is envisaged that the proposed car park would be located on phase 2 land of the site allocated for a new housing development. This land is possibly rocky but planning permission would be given.

#### b) Site Acquisition

The park area in question is owned by the Council but the land for the car park is not. Additional land would need to be acquired to give sufficient space

for a car park. It is estimated that this would cost £230,000. The Bowling Club is currently located on the site but there is no record of an agreement to this effect. The public footpath would have to be redirected if the new school was built on the site and a redirection order would be required. There is a risk that this could lead to a legal challenge by ramblers which in turn could delay the progress of the project. The tennis courts and bowling green would need to be relocated although VVP funding could assist with this. Another risk is aquiring the land for a car park, as it is owned by a building company. In addition, The Park site is categorised as 'public open space'; similarly to the proposed development at Newry Beach, the public are likely to object to the site being developed. This could result in a 'village green' application which would substantially increase the development cost of this option to defend with the risk that their application could succeed resulting in a prohibition on development.

#### c) Site Location

If the new school was to be built on this site, the main access would probably be from South Stack Road. Additional access would be from 3 sides which would reduce congestion and formal 'drop-off' points would need to be designated. This site would provide many opportunities for cyclists and pedestrians.

# d) Site Suitability

This site would be able to accommodate a school for 525 pupils. There would be a sufficient parking area (once acquired) for staff, visitors and parents as per requirements. The land on this site is slightly higher and would help make the school a landmark location. The development of the park site is dependent on obtaining land from an adjacent housing development site. Both projects would need to run in in order to deliver a successful outcome.

#### e) Disruption

Building a school on this site means that there would be sufficient play areas during the construction phase and afterwards Construction of this new school would not interfere with the use of the school playing fields and these would be available during the construction period.

# f) Proximity to other services and amenities

There is a local shop and post box within 500m of the site.

**g) Proximity to the Secondary** – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport.

0.2 miles

# h) Utility Services

The service connections to the public sewer, mains water and electricity lines are nearby and would need to be extended to serve the new building.

**i)Contributing to the protection of the historical landscape** – *does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?* 

None noted

4.3 Option 3 - Site allocated for housing development with car park on phase 2 housing land

Criteria		Score
a)	Planning Issues	8
b)	Site Acquisition	1
c)	Site location	6
d)	Site suitability	8
e)	Disruption	10
f)	Proximity to other services and amenities	9
g)	<b>Proximity to the Secondary</b> – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport	5.5
h)	Utility services	6
i)	<b>Contributing to the protection of</b> <b>the historical landscape</b> – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?	2

# a) Planning Issues

This option would involve locating the school and car park on the site allocated for a new housing development for which planning permission has already been given. However, planning permission for a change of use would be required. It is likely that planning permission would be given.

# b) Site Acquisition

This land is not in Council ownership. Additional land would need to be acquired to give sufficient space for a new school and car park. Planning permission for housing has already been given on this site and therefore, the developer would likely ask a very high price in excess of £1 million for it (observation made by the Local Authority's Senior Valuation Officer).

#### c) Site Location

If a new school was to be built on this site, access would probably be from South Stack Road. A formal 'drop-off' point would need to be designated. Construction traffic would have to get to the proposed site from South Stack Road. If this site was chosen the housing development project would also continue and be situated behind the new school, and to the left of the school. As a result of the housing development a new roundabout would be constructed and will have a favourable effect on traffic safety.

#### d) Site Suitability

This site would be able to accommodate a school for 525 pupils. There would be ample spaces for parking areas and some room for expansion.

#### e) Disruption

Construction of this new school would not interfere with the use of the school playing fields and these would be available during the construction period.

# f) Proximity to other services and amenities

This option would meet the above requirement as there is a local shop and post box within 500m of the site.

**g) Proximity to the Secondary** – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport

0.2 miles

#### h) Utility services

The service connections to the public sewer, mains water and electricity lines are nearby and would need to be extended to serve the new building.

i) Contributing to the protection of the historical landscape – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?

None noted.

**4.4 Option 4 –** Park site (on corner of South Stack Road with New Park Road) with car park on phase 3 land

Cr	iteria	Score
a)	Planning Issues	5
b)	Site Acquisition	4
c)	Site location	7
d)	Site suitability	8
e)	Disruption	10
f)	Proximity to other services and amenities	9
g)	<b>Proximity to the Secondary</b> – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport	5.5
h)	Utility services	6
i)	<b>Contributing to the protection of</b> <b>the historical landscape</b> – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?	2

#### a) Planning Issues

This option would involve locating the school on the park site where the bowling greens and tennis courts are currently located – it is likely that these would have to be relocated if planning permission was to be given. It is envisaged that the proposed car park would be located on phase 3 land of the site allocated for a new housing development. This land is possibly rocky but planning permission would be given.

#### b) Site Acquisition

The park area in question is owned by the Council but the land for the car park is not. As with Option 2, additional land would need to be acquired to give sufficient space for a car park. The Bowling Club is currently located on the site but there is no record of an agreement to this effect. The public footpath would have to be redirected if the new school was built on the site and a redirection order would be required. There is a risk that this could lead to a legal challenge by ramblers which in turn could delay the progress of the project. The tennis courts and bowling green would need to be relocated although VVP funding would assist with this. Another risk is that the car park would need to be located on land owned by a building company. In addition, The Park site is categorised as 'public open space'; similarly to the proposed development at Newry Beach, the public are likely to object to the site being developed. This could result in a 'village green' application which would substantially increase the development cost of this option to defend with the risk that their application could succeed resulting in a prohibition on development.

#### c) Site location

As with Option 2, if a new school was to be built on this site, access would probably be from South Stack Road. Access would be from 3 sides which would reduce congestion and formal 'drop-off' points would need to be designated. Construction traffic would have to get to the proposed site via the proposed site for housing development.

#### d) Site Suitability

This site would be able to accommodate a school for 525 pupils. Additional land would need to be acquired to give sufficient space for a car park.

#### e) Disruption

Construction of this new school would not interfere with the use of the school playing fields and these would be available during the construction period.

### f) Proximity to other services and amenities

This option would meet the above requirement as there is a local shop and post box within 500m of the site.

# g) Proximity to the Secondary – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport

0.2

#### h) Utility services

The service connections to the public sewer, mains water and electricity lines are nearby and would need to be extended to serve the new building.

**i)Contributing to the protection of the historical landscape** – *does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?* 

None noted

#### 4.5 **Option 5 –** Millbank

Criter	Score	
a)	Planning Issues	2
b)	Site Acquisition	8
c)	Site location	4
d)	Site suitability	8
e)	Disruption	10
f)	Proximity to other services and amenities	5.5
g)	<b>Proximity to the Secondary</b> – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport	5.5
h)	Utility services	5
i)	<b>Contributing to the protection of</b> <b>the historical landscape</b> – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?	2

#### a) Planning Issues

This option would entail locating the new primary school on the Millbank site which is a Greenfield site. These fields are currently used by pupils at Holyhead High School for sports activities. The building, playing fields and car park would take up a lot of the fields. Access to this site would be difficult and this means that planning permission would be unlikely. Potential flood risk is also associated with this site.

#### b) Site Acquisition

This land is in Council ownership but is used by pupils in Holyhead High School for sports activities. Additional fields would need to be acquired. Holyhead Weightlifting Club has a long lease on its current location for at least the life of the building. As there used to be a nunnery on the site, there is a risk of a covenant on the site and a risk of an architectural feature being unearthed – both of which could delay or jeopardise the project. The destructive plant Japanese knotweed is also present at the site.

#### c) Site Location

This site is used by Holyhead High School for sports activities but the land is uneven, low lying and therefore wet. Access to the Milbank site would more than likely be from Garreglwyd Road and an entranceway would need to be specially constructed. Many cars are parked on this road which would lead to increased congestion and increase the risk of an accident. Current access would need to be improved.

#### d) Site Suitability

This site would be able to accommodate a school for 525 pupils. Additional fields would need to be acquired. It is likely that there would be room for future expansion.

#### e) Disruption

Building a school on this site means that there would be sufficient play areas during the construction phase and afterwards. The construction site would be away from a school and its pupils and it would not impinge on the availability of any of the playing fields of the school involved.

#### f) Proximity to other services and amenities

This site is 500m away from a local shop

g) **Proximity to the Secondary** – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport

0.2 of a mile

### h) Utility services

New service connections to the public sewer, mains water and electricity lines would probably be required and the low lying level of the land would make drainage a problem

i) Contributing to the protection of the historical landscape – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?

None noted

### 4.6 Option 6 – Cybi Site

Criter	Score	
a)	Planning Issues	6
b)	Site Acquisition	9
c)	Site location	8
d)	Site suitability	6
e)	Disruption	10
f)	Proximity to other services and amenities	5.5
g)	<b>Proximity to the Secondary</b> – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport	9
h)	Utility services	5
i)	<b>Contributing to the protection of</b> <b>the historical landscape</b> – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?	9

#### a) Planning Issues

This site is located across the road from Holyhead High School. The Cybi block is located on this site. The façade of this building is Grade II listed and any new development would have to be sympathetic to this. CADW (the Welsh Government's historic environment service) would need to be consulted during the planning process. As long as the façade is preserved, CADW would be in favour of this proposed new development.

#### b) Site Acquisition

The land is owned by Anglesey County Council. No additional land would need to be acquired.

#### c) Site Location

Due to the façade of the building being listed access to the Cybi site would be from the rear through a built up area from Garreglwyd Road, which increases the risk of a traffic related incident. An entranceway would need to be adapted to current standards.

#### d) Site Suitability

This site would be able to accommodate a school for 525 pupils. There is no room for future expansion.

#### e) Disruption

Building a school on this site would mean that there would be sufficient play areas during the construction phase and afterwards.

#### f) **Proximity to other services and amenities**

This site is 500m away from a local shop

**g) Proximity to the Secondary** – to take advantage of shared resources e.g. playing fields, canteen, school hall, transport

>0.1 of a mile

#### h) Utility services

The connections to the public sewer, mains water and electricity lines are all disconnected and the drains are currently unusable.

**j) contributing to the protection of the historical landscape** – does the site make use of listed and/or other historical building?

The Cybi block is located on this site. The façade of this building is Grade II listed. CADW (The Welsh Government's historic environment service) would need to be consulted during the planning process. As long as the façade is preserved CADW would be in favour of this proposed development.

#### 5. Conclusions and Preferred Option

The table below shows that one of the options has no red ratings, and has the highest score. The preferred option therefore is Option 6 – the Cybi Site. It should be noted that this site is the only one in Council ownership with no additional land needed for the school project, at the time of completion of this site appraisal.

The five remaining options have been rated a red on the last criterion –'Contributing to the protection of the historical landscape'. It is well known that historic buildings provide a foundation for the regeneration of towns and cities. Regenerating buildings can reinforce a sense of community, make an important contribution to the local economy and act as a catalyst for improvements to the wider area. The Government recognises that they should not be retained as artefacts. New uses should be allowed in the buildings and sensitive adaptations facilitated, when the original use of a historic building is no longer relevant or viable. Anglesey County Council has incorporated in their Holyhead regeneration strategy a clear role for the historic building of the Cybi site (option 6) and to promote regeneration rather than solely preserve the building.

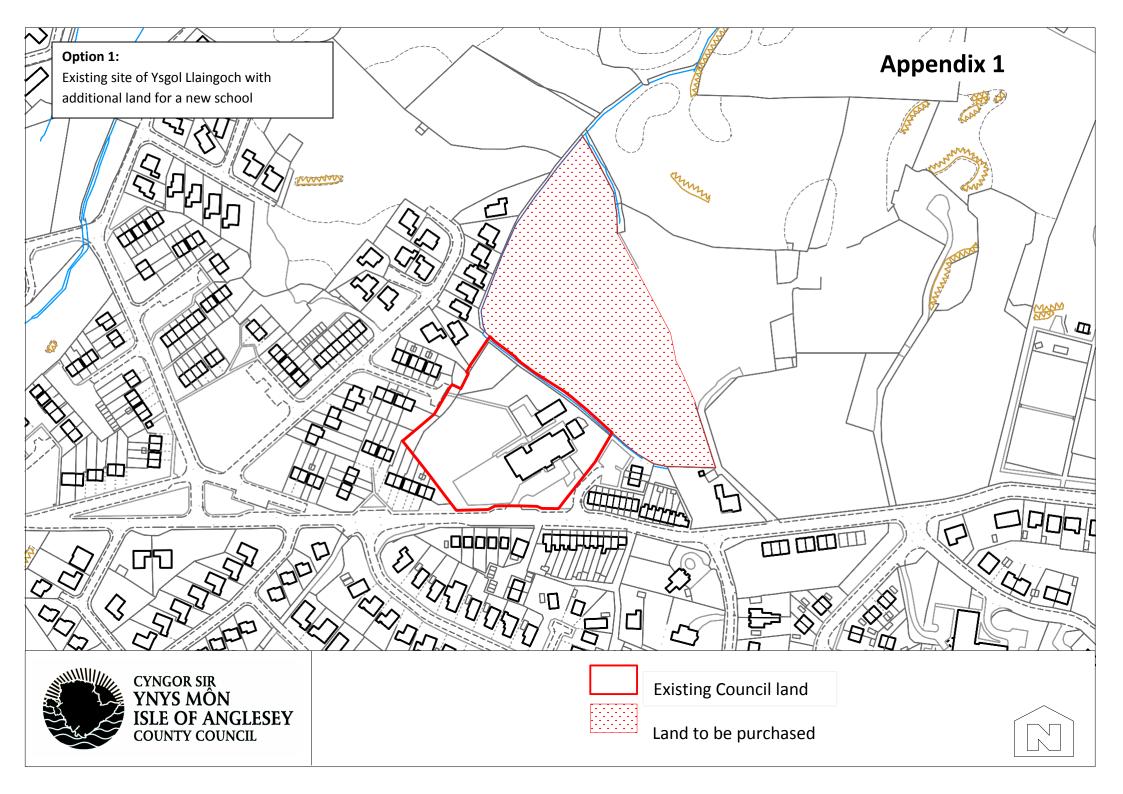
The Business Case (SOC/OBC) currently under development for the proposal of a new primary school in Holyhead also considers the overall regeneration vision for Holyhead for at least the next 5 years, and how the new primary school will contribute. It is recognised in the SOC/OBC that the development of a first class facility will bring significant community and educational benefits to an area in much need of regeneration and renewal. The school is anticipated to be a community asset and provide space for community activities and community programmes.

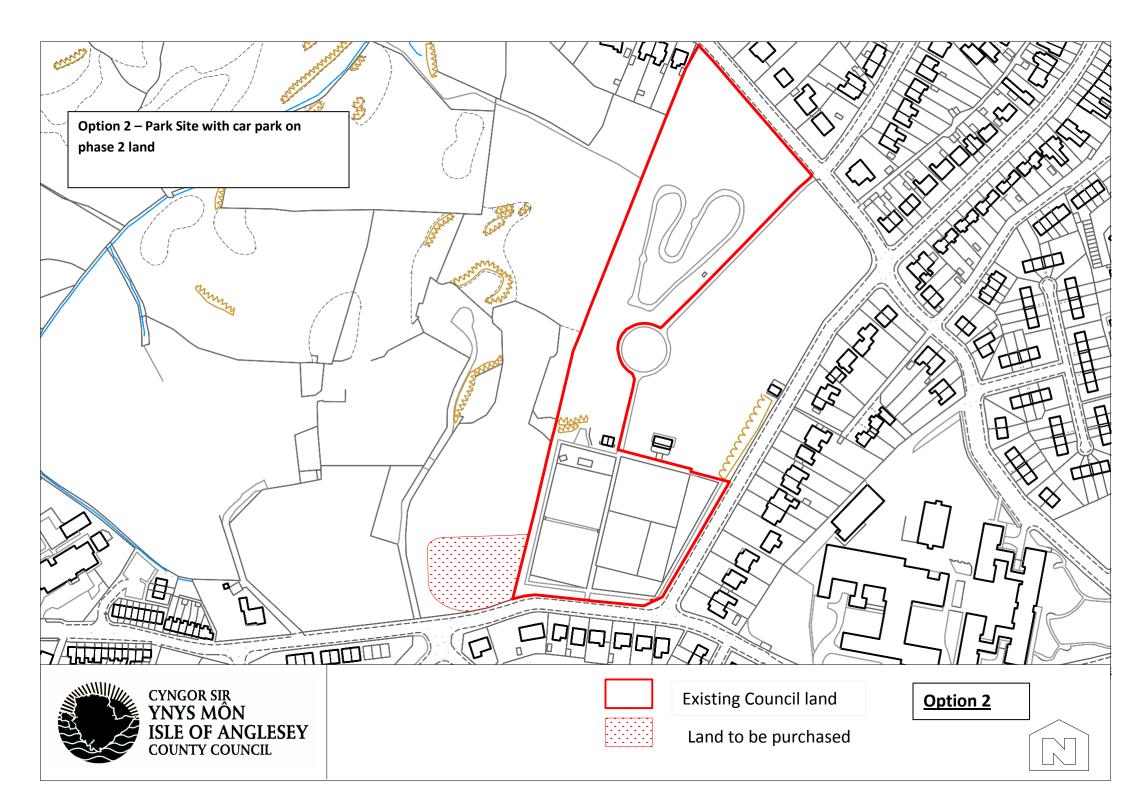
The purpose of including the criterion 'proximity to the secondary school' is to consider the possibilities and the accommodation of co-located facilities. Co-location could in turn generate efficiency savings strategies, and is explored further in the aforementioned SOC/OBC. Co-location is also included in the project's Benefits Realisation Plan and will be measured upon completion of the new school.

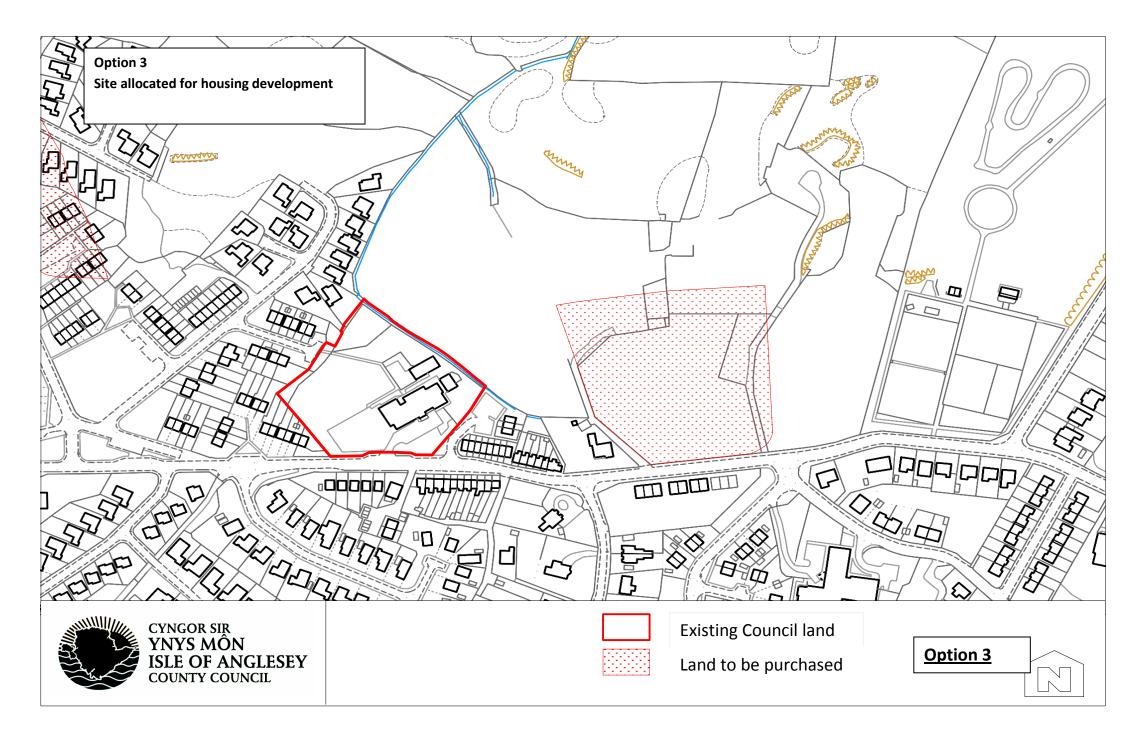
The criteria referring to 'proximity to other services and amenities' is used to measure how the school site would contribute towards BREEAM certification. BREEAM is the world's foremost environmental assessment method and rating system for buildings. This criterion is used to reward a location in close proximity to local amenities, thereby reducing the need for extended travel or multiple trips. This particular assessment criterion was used to demonstrate compliance to the BREEAM framework from the outset of the new school project. Option 6 didn't score particularly high under this criterion but the school will be constructed to BREEAM excellent standard as per School Organisation Code.

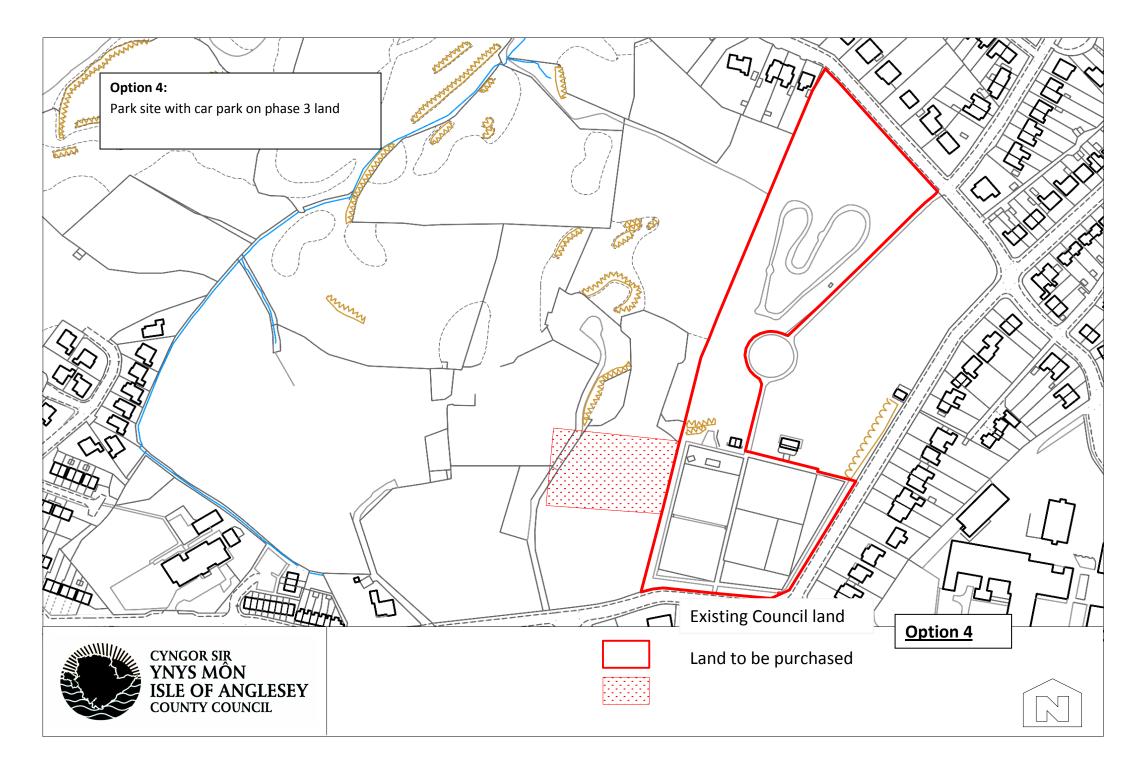
Taking the above appraisal into consideration it is recommended that option 6 the Cybi site proceeds for further financial appraisal at the SOC/ OBC stage.

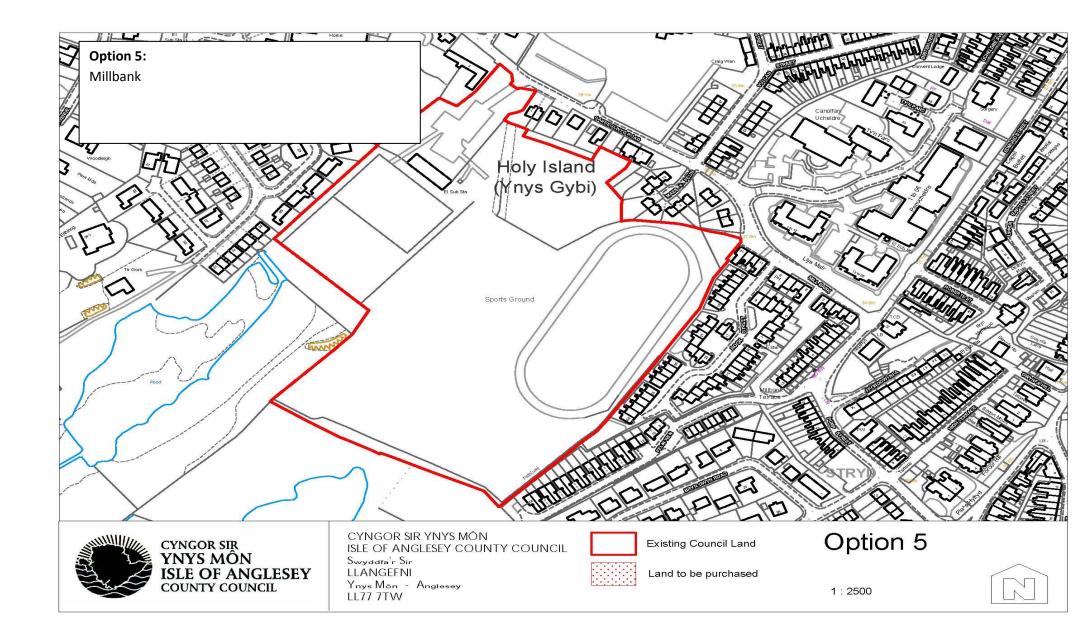
		Option 1 Exisiting site of Ysgol Llaingoch with additional land	Option 2 Park site with car park on phase 2	Option 3 Site allocated for housing development with car park on phase 2	Option 4 Park site with car park on phase 3 land	Option 5 Millbank	Option 6 Cybi site
a)	Planning Issues	6	5	8	5	2	6
b)	Site Acquisition	5	4	1	4	8	9
		5	7	6	7	4	8
d)	Site suitability	6	8	8	8	8	6
e)	Disruption	6	10	10	10	10	10
f)	Proximity to other services and amenities	9	9	9	9	5.5	5.5
g)	Proximity to the Secondary	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	9
h)	Utility services	7	6	6	6	5	5
i)	Contributing to the protection of the historical landscape –	2	2	2	2	2	9
		51.5	56.5	55.5	56.5	50	67.5

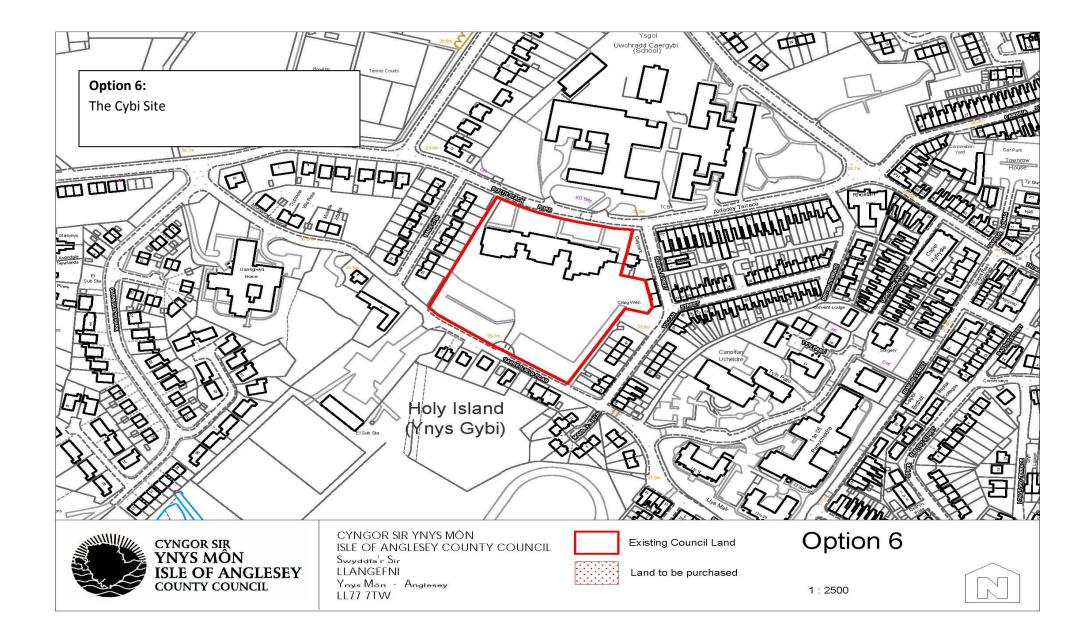






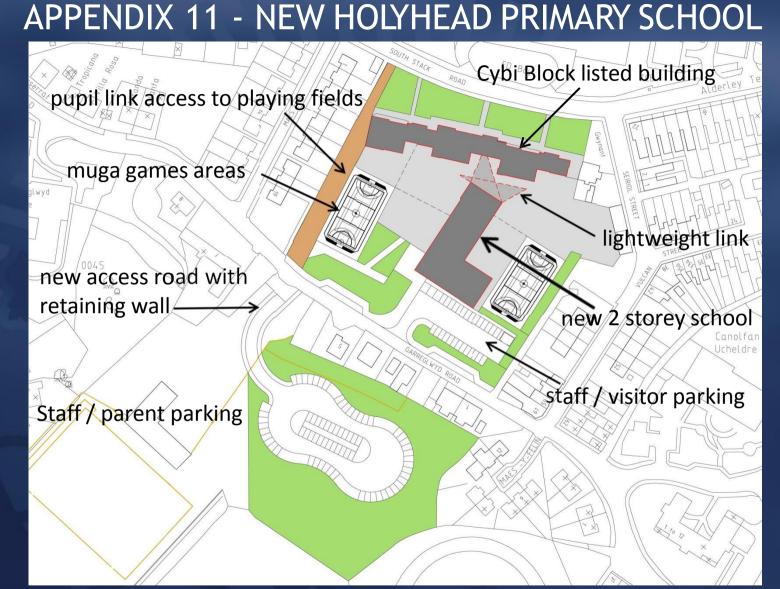






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APPENDIX 12 - NEW HOLYHEAD PRIMARY SCHOOL \_ STANDARDISED CONSTRUCTION OPTION IMAGES—FINISHES TO BE CONFIRMED WITH PLANNING DEPARTMENT-BUT TO BE IN CONTRAST TO THE EXISTING CYBI BLOCK EXISTING LISTED BUILDING







APPENDIX 13 - NEW HOLYHEAD PRIMARY SCHOOL \_ STANDARDISED CONSTRUCTION OPTION IMAGES—FINISHES TO BE CONFIRMED WITH PLANNING DEPARTMENT-BUT TO BE IN CONTRAST TO THE EXISTING CYBI BLOCK EXISTING LISTED BUILDING